

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 1-35906

HARVEST CAPITAL CREDIT CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

46-1396995
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

450 Park Avenue, Suite 500
New York, NY 10022
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(212) 906-3500
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer (do not check if a smaller reporting company)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$0.001 par value, outstanding as of November [], 2013 was 6,120,076.

HARVEST CAPITAL CREDIT CORPORATION

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Harvest Capital Credit Corporation
Statements of Assets and Liabilities

	<u>September 30, 2013</u> (unaudited)	<u>December 31, 2012</u>
ASSETS:		
Non-affiliated/non-control investments, at fair value (cost of \$47,704,894 @ 9/30/13 and \$37,637,558 @ 12/31/12)	\$ 50,173,062	\$ 39,595,162
Affiliated investments, at fair value (cost of \$1,987,525 @ 9/30/13 and \$1,916,156 @ 12/31/12)	1,575,951	1,916,156
Total investments, at fair value (cost of \$49,692,419 @ 9/30/13 and \$39,553,714 @ 12/31/12)	<u>51,749,013</u>	<u>41,511,318</u>
Cash	38,804,740	7,639,801
Interest receivable	322,570	166,592
Accounts receivable - other	48,073	-
Deferred financing costs	221,303	180,786
Other assets	305,542	246,541
Total assets	<u>\$ 91,451,241</u>	<u>\$ 49,745,038</u>
LIABILITIES:		
Revolving line of credit - related party	\$ -	\$ 28,226,666
Accrued interest payable - related party	63,194	304,293
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,273,915	1,231,006
Other liabilities	323,316	15,971
Total liabilities	<u>1,660,425</u>	<u>29,777,936</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		
Mezzanine equity	-	160,775
NET ASSETS:		
Common stock, 100,000,000 shares authorized, and 6,111,961 issued and outstanding @ 9/30/13 and 1,172,688 issued and outstanding @ 12/31/12	6,112	17,266,955
Capital in excess of common stock	87,728,108	581,768
Net unrealized appreciation on investments	2,056,596	1,957,604
Total net assets	<u>89,790,816</u>	<u>19,806,327</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 91,451,241</u>	<u>\$ 49,745,038</u>
Common stock issued and outstanding (1)	6,111,961	1,172,688
Net asset value per common share	\$ 14.69	\$ 16.89

(1) All shares issued prior to May 2013 have been adjusted for the conversion rate of 0.9913 shares for each unit. See Note 1.

See Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements.

Harvest Capital Credit Corporation
Statements of Operations (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012
Investment Income:				
Interest:				
Cash - non-affiliated/non-control investments	\$ 1,565,699	\$ 844,352	\$ 4,340,757	\$ 2,001,215
Cash - affiliated investments	56,210	-	165,554	-
PIK - non-affiliated/non-control investments	242,865	130,306	795,702	339,567
PIK - affiliated investments	14,396	-	42,611	-
Fee amortization, net	172,385	42,637	550,950	87,921
Total interest income	2,051,555	1,017,295	5,895,574	2,428,703
Other income	-	-	-	40,000
Total investment income	2,051,555	1,017,295	5,895,574	2,468,703
Expenses:				
Interest expense - revolving line of credit	-	183,705	627,568	568,466
Interest expense - unused line of credit	63,889	26,852	115,360	68,766
Interest expense - deferred financing costs	10,882	9,243	35,786	27,142
Total interest expense	74,771	219,800	778,714	664,374
General and administrative	265,492	31,721	608,416	91,947
Base management fees	250,048	78,259	497,120	156,710
Incentive management fees	(83,264)	448,344	303,179	633,028
Administrative services expense	70,417	30,000	206,250	67,500
Total expenses	577,464	808,124	2,393,679	1,613,559
Net investment income	1,474,091	209,171	3,501,895	855,144
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments	(360,137)	1,584,207	98,991	1,676,972
Total net unrealized (losses) gains on investments	(360,137)	1,584,207	98,991	1,676,972
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 1,113,954	\$ 1,793,378	\$ 3,600,886	\$ 2,532,116
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share (basic and diluted)	\$ 0.18	\$ 1.70	\$ 0.93	\$ 3.31
Weighted average shares outstanding (basic) (1)	6,097,708	1,057,662	3,856,705	764,689
Weighted average shares outstanding (diluted) (1)	6,098,160	1,057,662	3,857,157	764,689

(1) The shares outstanding and per share amounts for all periods prior to May 2013 have been adjusted for the conversion rate of 0.9913 shares for each unit. See Note 1.

See Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements.

Harvest Capital Credit Corporation
Statements of Changes in Net Assets (unaudited)

	<u>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013</u>	<u>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012</u>
Increase in net assets from operations:		
Net investment income	\$ 3,501,895	\$ 855,144
Net change in unrealized appreciation on investments	98,991	1,676,972
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	<u>3,600,886</u>	<u>2,532,116</u>
Distributions to shareholders (1)	<u>(4,745,817)</u>	<u>(633,318)</u>
Capital share transactions:		
Issuance of common shares (net of offering costs of \$798,667 for 2013 and offering costs and sales commissions of \$39,871 and \$130,751, respectively for 2012)	70,527,832	9,837,962
Conversion of mezzanine equity to common shares	160,775	-
Reinvestment of dividends	440,813	-
Net increase in net assets from capital share transactions	<u>71,129,420</u>	<u>9,837,962</u>
Total increase in net assets	69,984,489	11,736,760
Net assets at beginning of period	<u>19,806,327</u>	<u>5,708,063</u>
Net assets at end of period	<u>\$ 89,790,816</u>	<u>\$ 17,444,823</u>
Capital share activity (common shares):		
Shares sold (2)	4,918,788	661,624
Conversion of mezzanine shares to common shares (2)	20,485	-
Net increase in capital share activity (common shares)	<u>4,939,273</u>	<u>661,624</u>
Capital share activity (mezzanine equity):		
Shares sold (2)	9,763	7,288
Conversion of mezzanine shares to common shares (2)	(20,485)	-
Net (decrease) increase in capital share activity (mezzanine equity)	<u>(10,722)</u>	<u>7,288</u>

(1) Distributions were comprised of \$4,745,817 from net investment income. Of the \$4,745,817 distributions made during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, \$816,229 were for Q4 2012 earnings.

(2) The shares outstanding for all periods prior to May 2013 have been adjusted for the conversion rate of 0.9913 shares for each unit. See Note 1.

See Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements.

HARVEST CAPITAL CREDIT CORPORATION
Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

	<u>Nine Months Ended</u> <u>September 30, 2013</u>	<u>Nine Months Ended</u> <u>September 30, 2012</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 3,600,886	\$ 2,532,116
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used by operating activities:		
Paid in kind income	(838,313)	(339,567)
Net unrealized appreciation of investments	(98,991)	(1,676,972)
Accretion of deferred loan fees	(549,235)	(86,917)
Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs	35,786	27,142
Purchase of investments	(15,782,495)	(18,331,625)
Proceeds from principal payments	7,031,339	500,000
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Increase in interest receivable	(155,978)	(138,749)
Increase in accounts receivable - other	(107,074)	(1,009)
(Decrease) increase in accrued interest payable	(241,099)	110,969
Increase in accounts payable and other liabilities	350,254	381,329
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(6,754,920)</u>	<u>(17,023,283)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Borrowings on revolving credit facility	2,000,000	12,100,000
Repayment of borrowings on revolving credit facility	(30,226,666)	(6,500,000)
Proceeds from the issuance of common shares	71,240,941	9,877,834
Offering expenses from the issuance of common shares	(798,667)	-
Issuance of mezzanine equity	134,225	110,375
Return of capital	-	(91,545)
Distributions to equity holders (net of stock issued under dividend reinvestment plan of \$440,813 and \$0, respectively)	(4,305,004)	(633,318)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(124,970)	(11,609)
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>37,919,859</u>	<u>14,851,737</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash during the period	31,164,939	(2,171,546)
Cash at beginning of period	7,639,801	2,756,475
Cash at end of period	<u>\$ 38,804,740</u>	<u>\$ 584,929</u>
Non-cash financing activities:		
Value of shares issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	\$ 440,813	\$ -
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 984,027	\$ 526,262

See Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements.

Harvest Capital Credit Corporation
Schedule of Investments
(as of September 30, 2013)
(unaudited)

<u>Portfolio Company</u>	<u>Investment (1)</u>	<u>Origination Date</u>	<u>Outstanding Principal</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Investments in Affiliated Portfolio Companies					
<u>Seafood Product Preparation and Packaging</u>					
Solex (1.8%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 12/28/2016 (15.98%; LIBOR + 12.50% Cash/3.29% PIK)	12/31/2012	\$ 1,742,767	\$ 1,586,011	\$ 1,575,951
	Common Equity (6.34% of fully diluted common equity)			250,000	-
	Common Equity Warrants (6.4% of fully diluted common equity)			<u>151,514</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Investments in Affiliated Portfolio Companies				1,987,525	1,575,951
Investments in Non-controlled, Non-affiliated Portfolio Companies					
<u>Hand Tool Manufacturing</u>					
Rostra Tool Company (5.2%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 12/15/2014 (17.00%, Greater of 17.00%; 13.00% Cash/4.00% PIK or LIBOR + 13.50% LIBOR + 9.50% Cash/4.00% PIK)	2/1/2012	4,679,240	4,618,570	4,651,319
	Common Equity Warrants (14.99% of fully diluted common equity)			-	57,000
<u>Heavy and Civil Engineering and Construction</u>					
LNB Construction, Inc. (5.8%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 11/30/2014 (20.00%; 17.00% Cash/3.00% PIK)	8/21/2012	3,393,351	3,254,830	3,393,350
	Options to Purchase Common Equity (16.5% of fully diluted common equity)			193,750	1,776,713
<u>Industrial Fluid Filtration Services</u>					
CRS Reprocessing, LLC (3.4%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 11/02/2015 (15.00%, 12.00% Cash/3.00% PIK)	11/1/2012	3,084,383	3,030,554	3,084,383
<u>Industrial Machinery Manufacturing</u>					
Douglas Machines Corp. (4.8%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 4/6/2017 (16.00%; 12.50% Cash/3.50% PIK)	4/6/2012	4,220,090	4,120,152	4,220,090
	Common Equity Warrants (2.0% of fully diluted common equity)			12,500	48,212
<u>Novelty Shops</u>					
Peekay Acquisition, LLC (Christals) (2.2%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 12/27/2015 (18.00%; 15.00% Cash/3.00% Accommodation Fee)	12/31/2012	2,000,000	1,737,494	1,954,298
	Common Equity Warrants (Christals Acquisition, LLC) (2.0% of fully diluted common equity)			35,000	-
	Common Equity Warrants (Christals Parent, LLC) (8.0% of fully diluted common equity)			70,000	-
<u>Other Nondepository Credit Intermediation</u>					
WBL SPE I, LLC (1.3%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 9/30/2016 (15.00% Cash)	9/30/2013	1,250,000	1,200,000	1,200,000
<u>Pawn Retail Outlets</u>					

Pawn Plus, Inc. (4.2%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 12/31/2016 (17.00%, Greater of 17.00%; 15.00% Cash/2.00% PIK or LIBOR + 14.50%; LIBOR + 12.50% Cash/2.00% PIK)	12/31/2012	3,959,668	3,723,449	3,723,449
	Common Equity Warrants (3.9% of fully diluted common equity)			133,524	69,000
Pet Food Retail Stores					
CP Holding Co., Inc. (Choice Pet) (5.5%)*	Senior Secured Debt, due 02/28/2018 (14.75%, 12.00% Cash/2.75% PIK)	5/30/2013	5,047,447	4,941,748	4,941,748
Pharmaceutical Merchant Wholesaler					
Insight Pharmaceuticals, LLC (1.7%)*	Junior Secured Term Loan, due 08/25/2017 (13.25%; LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor)	9/14/2011	1,544,828	1,534,535	1,544,828
Real Estate Brokerage Services					
Americana Holdings LLC (4.7%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 09/15/2018 (13.00% Cash)	9/16/2013	4,300,000	3,434,439	3,434,439
	Royalty Security			758,061	758,061
Safety Consulting Services					
Safety Services Acquisition Corp. (6.3%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 7/5/2017 (15.00%; 12.50% Cash/2.50% PIK)	4/5/2012	5,536,653	5,465,090	5,536,653
	Preferred Equity (0.65% of fully diluted common equity)			100,000	108,386
Software Publishing					
Blackboard Inc. (2.3%)*	Junior Secured Term Loan, due 04/04/2019 (11.50%; LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor)	11/8/2011	2,000,000	1,833,635	2,060,000
Optimal Blue (4.1%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 03/28/2018 (14.50%; 12.50% Cash/2.00% PIK)	12/28/2012	3,554,138	3,490,542	3,554,138
	Common Equity (0.38% of fully diluted common equity)			100,000	139,974
Urgent Care Facility Operator					
Infinite Aegis Group, LLC (4.4%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 7/31/2017 (15.19%; LIBOR + 15.00% with no floor)	8/2/2013	4,000,000	3,839,499	3,839,499
	Common Equity Warrants (3% of fully diluted common equity)			77,522	77,522
Total Investments in Non-controlled, Non-affiliated Portfolio Companies				47,704,894	50,173,062
Total Investments as of September 30, 2013 (57.7%)*				\$ 49,692,419	\$ 51,749,013

* Value as a percent of net assets

(1) All debt investments are income producing. Common equity and all warrants are non-income producing. All of our investments other than LNB Construction, Inc. and WBL SPE I, LLC, are qualifying assets for purposes of Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

Harvest Capital Credit Corporation
Schedule of Investments
(as of December 31, 2012)

Portfolio Company	Investment (1)	Origination Date	Outstanding Principal	Cost	Fair Value
Investments in Affiliated Portfolio Companies					
<u>Seafood Product Preparation and Packaging</u>					
Solex (9.7%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 12/28/2016 (15.79%; LIBOR + 12.50% Cash/3.29% PIK)	12/31/2012	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 1,514,642	\$ 1,514,642
	Common Equity (6.34% of fully diluted common equity)			250,000	250,000
	Common Equity Warrants (6.4% of fully diluted common equity)			151,514	151,514
Total Investments in Affiliated Portfolio Companies				1,916,156	1,916,156
Investments in Non-controlled, Non-affiliated Portfolio Companies					
<u>Hand Tool Manufacturing</u>					
Rostra Tool Company (23.8%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 12/15/2014 (Greater of 17.00%; 13.00% Cash/4.00% PIK or LIBOR + 13.50% LIBOR + 9.50% Cash/4.00% PIK)	2/1/2012	4,540,116	4,454,880	4,454,880
	Common Equity Warrants (14.99% of fully diluted common equity)			-	268,000
<u>Heavy and Civil Engineering and Construction</u>					
LNB Construction, Inc. (23.4%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 11/30/2014 (20.00%; 17.00% Cash/3.00% PIK)	8/21/2012	3,436,199	3,196,867	3,196,867
	Options to Purchase Common Equity (16.5% of fully diluted common equity)			193,750	1,434,000
<u>Industrial Fluid Filtration Services</u>					
CRS Reprocessing, LLC (14.9%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 11/02/2015 (15.00%, 12.00% Cash/3.00% PIK)	11/1/2012	3,015,251	2,957,624	2,957,624
<u>Industrial Machinery Manufacturing</u>					
Douglas Machines Corp. (21.3%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 4/6/2017 (16.00%; 12.50% Cash/3.50% PIK)	4/6/2012	4,110,032	3,997,810	4,110,032
	Common Equity Warrants (2.0% of fully diluted common equity)			12,500	104,000
<u>Motor Vehicle Metal Stamping</u>					
JD Norman Industries, Inc (20.7%)* (2)	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 10/31/16 (19.00%; 12.50% Cash/6.50% PIK)	11/3/2011	4,168,369	4,100,488	4,100,488
<u>Novelty Shops</u>					
Peekay Acquisition, LLC (Christals) (9.0%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 12/27/2015 (18.00%; 15.00% Cash/3.00% Accommodation Fee)	12/31/2012	2,000,000	1,678,500	1,678,500
	Common Equity Warrants (Christals Acquisition, LLC) (2.0% of fully diluted common equity)			35,000	35,000
	Common Equity Warrants (Christals Parent, LLC) (8.0% of fully diluted common equity)			70,000	70,000
<u>Other Nondepository Credit Intermediation</u>					

WBL SPE I, LLC (4.7%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 12/28/2015 (18.00% Cash)	12/28/2012	1,000,000	940,000	940,000
Pawn Retail Outlets					
Pawn Plus, Inc. (19.0%)*	Senior Secured Term Loan, due 12/31/2016 (Greater of 17.00%; 15.00% Cash/2.00% PIK or LIBOR + 14.50%; LIBOR + 12.50% Cash/2.00% PIK)	12/31/2012	3,900,000	3,630,193	3,630,193
	Common Equity Warrants (3.9% of fully diluted common equity)			133,524	133,524
Pharmaceutical Merchant Wholesaler					
Insight Pharmaceuticals, LLC (7.9%)*	Junior Secured Term Loan, due 08/25/2017 (13.25%; LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor)	9/14/2011	1,544,828	1,533,109	1,560,276
Safety Consulting Services					
Safety Services Acquisition Corp. (28.1%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 7/5/2017 (15.0%; 12.50% Cash/2.50% PIK)	4/5/2012	5,433,000	5,353,111	5,433,000
	Preferred Equity (0.65% of fully diluted common equity)			100,000	131,000
Software Publishing					
Blackboard Inc. (9.7%)*	Junior Secured Term Loan, due 04/04/2019 (11.50%; LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor)	11/8/2011	2,000,000	1,819,424	1,927,000
Optimal Blue (17.3%)*	Junior Secured Subordinated Debt, due 03/28/2018 (14.50%; 12.50% Cash/2.00% PIK)	12/28/2012	3,500,000	3,430,778	3,430,778
Total Investments in Non-controlled, Non-affiliated Portfolio Companies				37,637,558	39,595,162
Total Investments as of December 31, 2012 (209.6%)*				\$ 39,553,714	\$ 41,511,318

* Value as a percent of net assets

(1) All debt investments are income producing. Common equity and all warrants are non-income producing. All of our investments other than LNB Construction, Inc. and WBL SPE I, LLC, are qualifying assets for purposes of Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

(2) JD Norman was in default of two technical covenants as of December 31, 2012 resulting in the accrual of interest at the default rate, which is presented above. The non-default interest rate is 16.00% (12.50% Cash/3.50% PIK). As of December 31, 2012, however, the company was performing and was held on accrual status. The investment paid off at par in June 2013.

Harvest Capital Credit Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization

Harvest Capital Credit Corporation (“HCAP”) was incorporated as a Delaware corporation on November 14, 2012, for the purpose of, among other things, acquiring Harvest Capital Credit LLC (“HCC LLC”). HCAP is an externally managed, closed end, non-diversified management investment company that has filed an election to be treated as a business development company (“BDC”) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). In addition, for tax purposes, HCAP intends to elect to be treated as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

On May 2, 2013, HCAP acquired HCC LLC. HCC LLC was organized as a limited liability company in the state of Delaware on February 7, 2011, and commenced operations on September 6, 2011, as an externally-managed specialty finance company with the objective of generating both current income and capital appreciation primarily by making direct investments in the form of subordinated debt and, to a lesser extent, senior debt and minority equity investments in privately-held U.S. small to mid-size companies. Pursuant to the acquisition agreement, immediately prior to HCAP's election to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act, the following formation transaction was consummated:

- HCAP acquired HCC LLC through a merger (the “Merger”) with and into HCAP, and the holders of membership interests in HCC LLC received shares of HCAP common stock in exchange for their interests in HCC LLC. As a result of the Merger, the outstanding limited liability company interests in HCC LLC were converted into a number of shares of HCAP common stock equal to (i) \$33.7 million (*i.e.*, the net asset value of HCC LLC as of December 31, 2012), plus the proceeds of sales of membership interests by HCC LLC since December 31, 2012, plus the reclassification of mezzanine equity to members capital, and minus distributions of pre-December 31, 2012 earnings made by HCC LLC after December 31, 2012, divided by (ii) \$15.00 per share of the common stock of HCAP. In connection with the merger, the number of membership interests of HCC LLC underlying each outstanding warrant of HCC LLC, and the exercise price thereof, were converted into HCAP's common stock equivalent (based on the merger conversion formula). In addition, the exercise prices of the warrants were subject to upward (but not downward) adjustment as the public offering price of HCAP's shares of common stock in the initial public offering described below was higher than the then-current exercise price of the warrants.
- HCAP assumed and succeeded to all of the assets and liabilities of HCC LLC, including its obligations under the revolving credit facility with JMP Group LLC.
- On May 7, 2013, HCAP closed its initial public offering (“IPO”) of 3,400,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$15.00 per share raising \$51.0 million in gross proceeds, or \$50.4 million after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions.
- On May 17, 2013, HCAP closed on the IPO underwriters' over-allotment option of 433,333 shares of its common stock at \$15.00 per share raising additional gross proceeds of \$6.5 million, or \$6.1 million after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions.

Since HCAP acquired all of the interests of HCC LLC and did not have any operations prior to the acquisition, for periods prior to the IPO we are presenting the historical financial statements of HCC LLC as HCAP's financial statements. When HCAP acquired HCC LLC, HCAP issued shares of its common stock in exchange for all HCC LLC's outstanding membership interests at a rate of 0.9913 shares for each membership interest. As a result of this transaction, we have retroactively applied the aforementioned exchange/conversion rate to all unit measurements relating to HCC LLC's membership interests for all periods presented and have replaced all references to membership interests of HCC LLC to shares of common stock of HCAP in the financial statements and notes thereto contained herein. On the date of the Merger, the net asset value of the Company was \$15.00 per share and none of the warrants assumed in the Merger had an exercise price below \$15.00 per share.

As used herein, the terms “we”, “us” and the “Company” refer to HCC LLC for the periods prior to the IPO and refer to HCAP for the periods after the IPO.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying interim financial statements are presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information, and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain disclosures accompanying annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP are omitted. In the opinion of management, all adjustments consisting solely of normal recurring accruals considered necessary for the fair presentation of consolidated financial statements for the interim periods have been included. The interim unaudited financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto for the period ended December 31, 2012. Financial statements prepared on a U.S. GAAP basis require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates and assumptions could change in the future as more information becomes known, which could impact the amounts reported and disclosed herein.

Basis for Consolidation

In accordance with Article 6 of Regulation S-X, the Company does not consolidate portfolio company investments.

Under the investment company rules and regulations pursuant to the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies, codified in Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, *Financial Services- Investment Companies*, the Company is precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company, except that ASC 946 provides for the consolidation of a controlled operating company that provides substantially all of its services to the investment company or its consolidated subsidiaries.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as presented in the statement of assets and liabilities and the statement of cash flows include bank checking accounts and short term securities with an original maturity of less than 90 days.

Investments and Related Investment Revenue and Expense

All investments and the related revenue and expenses attributable to these investments are reflected on the statement of operations commencing on the settlement date unless otherwise specified by the transaction documents.

The Company accrues interest income if it expects that ultimately it will be able to collect it. Generally, when an interest payment default occurs on a loan in the portfolio, in which interest has not been paid for greater than 90 days, or if management otherwise believes that the issuer of the loan will not be able to service the loan and other obligations, the Company will place the loan on non-accrual status and will cease recognizing interest income on that loan until all principal and interest is current through payment or until a restructuring occurs, such that the interest income is deemed collectible.

However, the Company remains contractually entitled to this interest. The Company may make exceptions to this policy if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection and the amount of collectible interest can be reasonably estimated.

For loans with contractual PIK (payment-in-kind) interest income, which represents contractual interest accrued and added to the loan balance that generally becomes due at maturity, we will not accrue PIK interest if we believe that the PIK interest is no longer collectible, including if the portfolio company valuation indicates that such PIK interest is not collectible. Loan origination fees - net of direct loan origination costs, original issue discounts that initially represent the value of detachable equity warrants obtained in conjunction with the acquisition of debt securities and market discounts or premiums - are accreted or amortized using the effective interest method as interest income over the contractual life of the loan. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any unamortized net loan origination fee will be recorded as interest income. Loan exit fees that are contractually required to be paid at the termination or maturity of the loan will be accreted to interest income over the contractual term of the loan. We suspend the accretion of interest income for any loans or debt securities placed on non-accrual status. We may also collect other prepayment premiums on loans. These prepayment premiums are recorded as interest income as earned. Dividend income, if any, will be recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Certain expenses related to legal and tax consultation, due diligence, valuation expenses and independent collateral appraisals may arise when the Company makes certain investments. To the extent that such costs are not classified as direct loan origination costs, these expenses are recognized in the statement of operations as they are incurred.

Net Realized Gains or Losses and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation

Realized gains and losses on investments are calculated using the specific identification method. We measure realized gains or losses on equity investments as the difference between the net proceeds from the sale and the amortized cost basis of the investment, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized. We measure realized gains or losses on debt investments as the difference between the net proceeds from the repayment or sale and the contractual amount owed to us on the investment, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized or unamortized deferred fees. The acceleration of unamortized deferred fees is recognized as interest income and the collection of prepayment and other fees is recognized as other income. In its Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2013, the Company had presented acceleration of unamortized deferred fees of \$152.1 thousand as realized gain. This amount is now presented as interest income. This amount is not material to the current or previous quarter financial statements.

Classification of Investments

We classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, control investments are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Affiliated investments and affiliated companies are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more, but less than 25%, of the outstanding voting securities of another person. Fourteen of the Company's investments were classified as non-control/non-affiliated investments as of September 30, 2013 and twelve of the Company's investments were classified as non-control/non-affiliated investments as of December 31, 2012. One of the Company's investments was classified as affiliated as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

Valuation of Investments

Valuation analyses of the Company's investments are performed on a quarterly basis pursuant to ASC 820, *Fair Value* Measurements. ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with applicable accounting guidance and expands disclosure of fair value measurements.

Pursuant to ASC 820, the valuation standard used to measure the value of each investment is fair value defined as, "the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date." Investments are recorded at their fair value at each quarter end (the measurement date).

Fair Value Investment Hierarchy

Accounting standards establish a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1** Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active public markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.
- Level 2** Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3** Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity's own assumptions about what market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

Valuation Process

Investments are measured at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors, based on, among other factors, consistently applied valuation procedures on each measurement date. Debt investments which have closed within six months of the measurement date are valued at cost unless unique circumstances dictate otherwise.

The Company engages an independent external valuation firm to review all Level 3 investments, at least annually. This external review is used as a key input in connection with the determination of the fair value of the Company's investments.

The board of directors undertakes a multi-step valuation process at each measurement date.

- *Our valuation process begins with each investment valued by the investment professionals of our investment adviser responsible for the investment.
- *Preliminary valuation conclusions are documented and discussed with our management and our investment adviser.
- *The audit committee of our board of directors reviews and discusses the preliminary valuations.
- *At least once annually, the valuation for each portfolio investment is reviewed by the independent valuation firm.
- *The board of directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith, based upon the input of our management, our investment adviser, the independent valuation firm and the audit committee.

Valuation Methodology

The following section describes the valuation methods and techniques used to measure the fair value of the investments.

Fair value for each investment will be derived using a combination of valuation methodologies that, in the judgment of our management, are most relevant to such investment, including, without limitation, being based on one or more of the following: (i) market prices obtained from market makers for which our management has deemed there to be enough breadth (number of quotes) and depth to be indicative of fair value, (ii) the price paid or realized in a completed transaction or binding offer received in an arms-length transaction, (iii) market approach (enterprise value), (iv) income approach (discounted cash flow analysis) or the (v) bond yield approach.

The valuation methods selected for a particular investment are based on the circumstances and on the level of sufficient data available to measure fair value. If more than one valuation method is used to measure fair value, the results are evaluated and weighted, as appropriate, considering the reasonableness of the range indicated by those results. A fair value measurement is the point within that range that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances.

The determination of fair value using the selected methodologies takes into consideration a range of factors including, but not limited to, the price at which the investment was acquired, the nature of the investment, local market conditions, trading values on public and private exchanges for comparable securities, current and projected operating performance and financing transactions subsequent to the acquisition of the investment, compliance with agreed upon terms and covenants, and assessment of credit ratings of an underlying borrower.

In most cases we use the bond yield approach for valuing our level 3 debt investments, as long as we deem this method appropriate. This approach entails analyzing the interest rate spreads for recently completed financing transactions which are similar in nature to ours, in order to assess what the range of effective market interest rates would be for our investment if it were being made on or near the valuation date. Then all of the remaining expected cash flows of the investment are discounted using this range of interest rates to determine a range of fair values for the debt investment.

The fair value of equity securities, including warrants, in portfolio companies oftentimes considers the market approach, which applies market valuation multiples of publicly-traded firms or recently acquired private firms engaged in businesses similar to those of the portfolio companies. This approach to determining the fair value of a portfolio company's equity security will typically involve: (1) applying to the portfolio company's trailing twelve month EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) a range of enterprise value to EBITDA multiples that are derived from an analysis of comparable companies, in order to arrive at a range of enterprise values for the portfolio company; then (2) subtracting from the range of enterprise values balances of any debt or equity securities that rank senior to our equity securities; and (3) multiplying the range of equity values by the Company's ownership share of such equity to determine a range of fair values for the Company's equity investment.

We also use the income approach, which discounts a portfolio company's expected future cash flows to determine its net present enterprise value. The discount rate used is based upon the company's weighted average cost of capital, which is determined by blending the cost of the company's various debt instruments and its estimated cost of equity capital. The cost of equity capital is estimated based upon our market knowledge and discussions with private equity sponsors.

These valuation methodologies involve a significant degree of judgment. As it relates to investments which do not have an active public market, there is no single standard for determining the estimated fair value. Valuations of privately held investments are inherently uncertain, and they may fluctuate over short periods of time and may be based on estimates. The determination of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these investments existed. In some cases, fair value of such investments is best expressed as a range of values derived utilizing different methodologies from which a single estimate may then be determined.

Consequently, fair value for each investment may be derived using a combination of valuation methodologies that, in the judgment of our management, are most relevant to such investment. The selected valuation methodologies for a particular investment are consistently applied on each measurement date. However, a change in a valuation methodology or its application from one measurement date to another is possible if the change results in a measurement that is equally or more representative of fair value in the circumstances.

Capital Gains Incentive Fee

Under GAAP, the Company calculates the capital gains incentive fee as if the Company had realized all investments at their fair values as of the reporting date. Accordingly, the Company accrues a provisional capital gains incentive fee taking into account any unrealized gains or losses. As the provisional incentive fee is subject to the performance of investments until there is a realization event, the amount of provisional capital gains incentive fee accrued at a reporting date may vary from capital gains incentive fee that is ultimately realized and the differences could be material.

Deferred Financing Costs

Deferred financing costs are made up of deferred debt issuance costs and deferred equity offering costs. The deferred debt issuance costs consist of fees and other direct costs incurred by the Company in obtaining debt financing from its lender and are recognized as assets and are amortized as interest expense over the term of the credit facility. The deferred equity offering costs consist of legal fees and other costs incurred by the Company in conjunction with raising external capital and are recognized as an asset and recorded as a reduction to contributed capital when the Company raises equity. The balance of deferred financing costs as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was \$221,303, and \$180,786, respectively. The balance as of September 30, 2013 of \$221,303 relates to deferred debt issuance costs. The balance as of December 31, 2012 of \$180,786 is comprised of \$132,119 which relates to deferred debt issuance costs and \$48,667, which relates to deferred equity offering costs. The amortization expense relating to deferred debt issuance costs during the three months ended September 30, 2013 and the three months ended September 30, 2012 was \$10,882 and \$9,243, respectively. The amortization expense relating to deferred debt issuance costs during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and the nine months ended September 30, 2012 was \$35,786 and \$27,142, respectively. The amount recorded as a reduction to contributed capital related to deferred equity offering costs during the three months ended September 30, 2013 and the three months ended September 30, 2012 was \$0 and \$4,272, respectively. The amount recorded as a reduction to contributed capital related to deferred equity offering costs during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and the nine months ended September 30, 2012 was \$48,667 and \$39,871, respectively.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount to be paid out as a dividend or distribution is determined by the Board and is generally based upon the taxable earnings estimated by management. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually, although the Company may decide to retain such capital gains for investment. The Company adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of our dividends and other distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or other distribution, then our stockholders who have not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distribution automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash distribution. No action is required on the part of a registered stockholder to have their cash dividend or other distribution reinvested in shares of our common stock.

Income Taxes

HCC LLC was treated as a partnership for federal and state income tax purposes and did not incur income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes was made for periods prior to the IPO in the accompanying financial statements, as each member of HCC LLC was individually responsible for reporting income or loss, to the extent required by federal income tax laws and regulations, based upon its respective share of HCC LLC's revenues and expenses as reported for income tax purposes. Beginning with its first taxable year ending December 31, 2013, the Company intends to elect to be treated, and intends to qualify annually thereafter, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. To qualify as a RIC, the Company is required to meet certain income and asset diversification tests in addition to distributing at least 90% of ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any, out of the assets legally available for distribution. As a RIC, the Company will be subject to a 4% nondeductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless the Company distributes in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98% of its ordinary income for each calendar year, (2) 98.2% of its capital gain net income for the 1-year period ending October 31 in that calendar year and (3) any ordinary income and net capital gains for preceding years that were not distributed during such years and on which the Company paid no U.S. federal income tax.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2013, the Company declared a distribution of \$0.34 per share. The determination of the tax attributes of the Company's distributions is made annually as of the end of the Company's fiscal year based on its taxable income for the full year and distributions paid for the full year. As a result, a determination made on a quarterly basis may not be representative of the actual tax attributes of the Company's distributions for a full year.

HCC LLC's and the Company's tax returns are subject to examination by federal, state and local taxing authorities. Because many types of transactions are susceptible to varying interpretations under federal and state income tax laws and regulations, the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements may be subject to change at a later date by the respective taxing authorities. The Company recognizes the financial statement benefit of a tax position following an audit. For tax positions meeting the more-likely-than-not threshold, the amount recognized in the financial statements is the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the relevant tax authority. Penalties or interest that may be assessed related to any income taxes would be classified as other operating expenses in the financial statements. Based on an analysis of our tax position, there are no uncertain tax positions that met the recognition or measurement criteria. The Company has no amounts accrued for interest or penalties as of September 30, 2013. Neither HCC LLC nor the Company is currently undergoing any tax examinations. The Company does not anticipate any significant increase or decrease in unrecognized tax benefits for the next twelve months. The 2011 and 2012 federal tax years for HCC LLC and the Company remain subject to examination by the IRS. The 2011 and 2012 state tax years for HCC LLC remain subject to examination by the California Franchise Tax Board.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the FASB or other standard-setting bodies that are adopted by the Company as of the specified effective date. The Company believes that the impact of recently issued standards that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on our financial statements upon adoption.

Note 3. Borrowings

HCC LLC entered into a 6 year, \$30.0 million credit facility on August 24, 2011 with JMP Group LLC. The credit facility has a two year revolving period with maximum outstanding amounts that began at \$20 million and increased at a rate of \$2.5 million per quarter thereafter until the maximum outstanding amount available reached \$30.0 million in July 2012. The maximum amount outstanding is also limited by a covenant which restricts borrowings to be less than 2.0 times the Net Tangible Asset Value of HCC LLC. At the end of the two year revolving period the outstanding balance will amortize evenly at 5% in each of the following 16 consecutive quarters with the final 20% due at maturity in August 2017. The credit facility carried an interest rate of LIBOR + 7.00%, with a LIBOR floor of 1.50%, or the Prime rate + 4.75%. The credit facility also had an unused line fee of 0.50% per year. The Company paid an origination fee of 0.50% or \$150.0 thousand at closing. The outstanding balance on the facility was \$0 and \$28.2 million as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

On March 25, 2013, HCC LLC and HCAP entered into an amendment to the credit facility with JMP Group LLC, whereby, upon completing our IPO (which closed on May 7, 2013) and satisfaction of certain other closing conditions, we have secured a revolving credit facility with JMP Group LLC on the same or substantially similar terms as the initial credit facility entered into between JMP Group LLC and HCC LLC. Each loan origination under this credit facility is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. This secured revolving credit facility will provide, subject to certain conditions and limitations, up to an aggregate of \$50.0 million of revolving borrowings until April 1, 2014, but that amount may be reduced by us unilaterally upon giving notice to JMP Group LLC. After April 1, 2014, the amount outstanding thereunder will become a term loan payable in fourteen consecutive quarterly installments (beginning on April 1, 2014), each in an amount equal to 5% of the term amount, and with the final payment of any other outstanding amounts due on the maturity date of August 24, 2017. Borrowings under the secured revolving credit facility will bear interest at an annual rate equal to either (i) LIBOR + 4.50% or (ii) the Prime Rate + 2.25%, at our election and subject to increases during a default under the credit facility.

See the Subsequent Events section below regarding the Company's recent termination of the credit facility with JMP Group LLC and entry into a new senior secured revolving credit facility with CapitalSource Bank and City National Bank.

Debt Maturities

The contractual obligations under the revolving credit facility as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	As of September 30, 2013	As of December 31, 2012
2013	\$ -	\$ 1,411,333
2014	-	5,645,333
2015	-	5,645,333
2016	-	5,645,333
2017	-	9,879,334
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 28,226,666</u>

Debt Covenants

The credit facility contains financial and other covenants which, among other things, limit our ability to incur additional indebtedness, make investments or capital expenditures and effect mergers and acquisitions. The maximum amount outstanding is also limited by a covenant which restricts borrowings to be less than 2.0 times the Net Tangible Asset Value ("NTAV"). NTAV is calculated as the book value of our tangible properties and assets minus our total liabilities. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we were in compliance with all covenants.

	As of September 30, 2013	As of December 31, 2012
Debt outstanding	\$ -	\$ 28,226,666
NTAV	\$ 89,790,816	\$ 19,806,327
Debt/NTAV	0.00 : 1.00	1.43 : 1.00

Note 4. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company's investment portfolio consists primarily of loans to privately-held small to mid-size companies. Many of these companies may experience variation in operating results. Many of these companies do business in regulated industries and could be affected by changes in government regulations.

The largest debt investments may vary from year to year as new debt investments are recorded and repaid. The Company's five largest debt investments represented approximately 47.3% and 54.9% of total debt investments outstanding as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Investment income, consisting of interest and fees, can fluctuate significantly upon repayment of large loans. Interest income from the five largest debt investments accounted for approximately 43.9% and 79.5% of total loan interest and fee income for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and the three months ended September 30, 2012, respectively. Interest income from the five largest debt investments accounted for approximately 34.7% and 74.7% of total loan interest and fee income for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and the nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively.

Note 5. Shareholders' Equity

The following tables summarize the total shares issued and proceeds received for shares of the Company's common stock net of any underwriting discounts and offering costs for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

	Shares Issued	Price per share	Proceeds
Dividend reinvestment plan	23,863	\$ 14.27	\$ 340,423
Total for the three months ended September 30, 2013	<u>23,863</u>	<u>\$ 14.27</u>	<u>\$ 340,423</u>
	Shares Issued	Offering price per share	Proceeds net of underwriting and offering costs
Final pre-IPO capital call (1)	1,075,111	\$ 13.70	\$ 14,727,840
Initial public offering	3,400,000	14.63	49,690,000
Overallotment option	433,333	14.10	6,109,995
Dividend reinvestment plan	30,829	14.30	440,813
Total for the nine months ended September 30, 2013	<u>4,939,273</u>	<u>\$ 14.37</u>	<u>\$ 70,968,648</u>

(1) Adjusted for the conversion rate of 0.9913 shares for each unit. See Note 1.

Note 6. Mezzanine Equity

Prior to the IPO, two employees of the Company's adviser purchased and were issued equity interests in the Company. Under certain circumstances prior to the IPO, if these two employees were no longer employed by the adviser, we could have been required to repurchase their equity. Because of this potential liability, the equity for these two employees was treated as mezzanine equity. If we had been required to repurchase this equity, the price would have been determined by the most recent net asset value as of their last day of employment. In conjunction with the Merger and IPO, the potential obligation of HCC LLC to repurchase these equity interests expired.

Note 7. Fair Value Measurements

As described in Note 2, the Company uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. A description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value, and for estimating fair value for financial and non-financial instruments not recorded at fair value, is set forth below.

Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents are Level 1 assets with readily observable market inputs. The Company determined that the historical cost carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Revolving line of credit: The revolving line of credit is a Level 2 financial instrument with readily observable market inputs from other comparable credit facilities in the marketplace. The Company believes the interest rate on the credit facility is comparable to what the Company would be offered by third party lenders and determined the fair value to approximate the amortized cost carrying value.

Off-balance sheet financial instruments: The fair value of unfunded commitments is estimated based on the fair value of the funded portion of the corresponding debt investment.

As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, unfunded commitments totaled \$4.3 million and \$3.5 million, respectively and their estimated fair values on such dates were \$4.1 million and \$3.4 million, respectively.

There are no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of September 30, 2013 or December 31, 2012.

There was one transfer of a debt investment amongst levels of the fair value hierarchy during the three months ended September 30, 2013 due to a lack of quoted market prices available from market makers for the financial instrument and no transfers amongst levels of the fair value hierarchy during the three months ended September 30, 2012. There was one transfer of a debt investment amongst levels of the fair value hierarchy during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due to a lack of quoted market prices available from market makers for the financial instrument and no transfers amongst levels of the fair value hierarchy during the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

The following table details the financial instruments that are carried at fair value and measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by the Company to determine the fair value:

	Fair Values as of September 30, 2013			
	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets:				
Investments	\$ -	\$ 2,060,000	\$ 49,689,013	\$ 51,749,013
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,060,000</u>	<u>\$ 49,689,013</u>	<u>\$ 51,749,013</u>
	Fair Values as of December 31, 2012			
	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets:				
Investments	\$ -	\$ 3,487,276	\$ 38,024,042	\$ 41,511,318
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,487,276</u>	<u>\$ 38,024,042</u>	<u>\$ 41,511,318</u>

The following table provides quantitative information related to the significant unobservable inputs used to fair value the Company's Level 3 investments as of September 30, 2013:

Type of Investment	Fair Value at September 30, 2013	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Input	Range	Weighted Average
Debt investments (1)	\$ 46,654,145	Bond Yield	Risk adjusted discount factor	5.7% - 22.8%	13.9%
		Market	EBITDA multiple	1.9x - 9.3x	5.8x
		Income	Weighted average cost of capital Expected principal recovery	13.0% - 20.0% 100.0%	16.5% N/A
Equity investments (2)	\$ 2,276,807	Market	EBITDA multiple	1.9x - 9.3x	5.8x
		Income	Weighted average cost of capital	13.0% - 20.0%	16.5%
Other investments (3)	\$ 758,061	Bond Yield	Risk adjusted discount factor	21.0%	21.0%

- (1) In determining the fair value of our debt investments at September 30, 2013, we utilized the bond yield approach. We also utilized the results of the market and income approaches to confirm that the fair value of our debt investments were inside the enterprise value of the portfolio company.
- (2) In determining the fair value of our equity investments at September 30, 2013, we analyzed these investments using the income approach, in addition to the market approach, but settled on the market approach as determinative of fair market value.
- (3) In determining the fair value of our royalty security at September 30, 2013, we utilized the bond yield approach and the specific provisions contained in the royalty security agreement.

When estimating the fair value of its debt investments, the Company typically utilizes the bond yield technique. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement under this technique are risk adjusted discount factors. However, the Company also takes into consideration the market technique and income technique in order to determine whether the fair value of the debt investment is within the estimated enterprise value of the portfolio company. The significant unobservable inputs used under these techniques are EBITDA multiples, weighted average cost of capital and expected principal recovery. Under the bond yield technique, significant increases (decreases) in the risk adjusted discount factors would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement.

When estimating the fair value of its equity investments, the Company utilizes the (i) market technique and (ii) income technique. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's equity investments are EBITDA multiples and weighted average cost of capital. Significant increases (decreases) in EBITDA multiple inputs in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement ("WACC"). Significant increases (decreases) in WACC inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement.

During the third quarter of 2013, the Company acquired a royalty security in one of its existing debt investments. This security allows the Company to earn a percentage of the future revenue growth in the portfolio company. When estimating the fair value of its royalty security, the Company utilizes the bond yield technique and the specific provisions contained in the royalty security agreement. The determination of the fair value utilizing the specific provisions contained in the royalty security agreement is not a significant component of the Company's valuation process.

The following table shows a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for Level 3 assets:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012
Fair value of portfolio, beginning of period	\$ 41,317,624	\$ 16,657,866	\$ 38,024,041	\$ 3,902,100
New investments	10,385,583	3,656,250	16,985,583	17,031,250
Principal payments received	(2,543,125)	-	(7,031,339)	(500,000)
Loan origination fees received	(1,083,084)	(309,750)	(1,203,084)	(619,625)
Payment in kind interest earned	257,261	130,306	838,312	339,567
Accretion of deferred loan origination fees/discounts	165,927	35,144	533,596	68,104
Transfer from level 2	1,544,828	-	1,544,828	-
Unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments	(356,001)	1,542,369	(2,924)	1,490,789
Fair value of portfolio, end of period	\$ 49,689,013	\$ 21,712,185	\$ 49,689,013	\$ 21,712,185

The information presented should not be interpreted as an estimate of the fair value of the entire Company since a fair value calculation is only required for a portion of the Company's assets and liabilities. Due to the wide range of valuation techniques and the degree of subjectivity used in making the estimates, comparisons between the Company's disclosures and those of other companies may not be meaningful.

Note 8: Related Party Transactions

We were founded in September 2011 by certain members of our investment adviser and JMP Group Inc., a full-service investment banking and asset management firm. JMP Group Inc., through a subsidiary, currently holds an equity interest in us and our investment adviser and is our lender under the secured revolving credit facility. JMP Group Inc. conducts its primary business activities through three wholly-owned subsidiaries: (i) Harvest Capital Strategies, LLC, an SEC registered investment adviser with approximately \$882 million in alternative assets under management that focuses on long-short equity hedge funds, middle-market lending and private equity, (ii) JMP Securities LLC, a full-service investment bank that provides equity research, institutional brokerage and investment banking services to growth companies and their investors, and (iii) JMP Credit Advisors LLC manages approximately \$801 million in credit assets of collateralized loan obligation funds. The shares of common stock of JMP Group Inc. are traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE: JMP).

HCC LLC entered into a 6 year, \$30.0 million credit facility on August 24, 2011 with JMP Group LLC. The credit facility has a two year revolving period with maximum outstanding amounts that began at \$20 million and increased at a rate of \$2.5 million per quarter thereafter until the maximum outstanding amount available reached \$30.0 million in July 2012. The maximum amount outstanding is also limited by a covenant which restricts borrowings to be less than 2.0 times the Net Tangible Asset Value of HCC LLC. At the end of the two year revolving period the outstanding balance will amortize evenly at 5% in each of the following 16 consecutive quarters with the final 20% due at maturity in August 2017. The credit facility carried an interest rate of LIBOR + 7.00%, with a LIBOR floor of 1.50%, or the Prime rate +4.75%. The credit facility also had an unused line fee of 0.50% per year. The Company paid an origination fee of 0.50% or \$150.0 thousand at closing. The outstanding balance on the facility was \$0 and \$28.2 million as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

On March 25, 2013, HCC LLC and HCAP entered into an amendment to the credit facility with JMP Group LLC, whereby, upon completing our IPO (which closed on May 7, 2013) and satisfaction of certain other closing conditions, we have secured a revolving credit facility with JMP Group LLC on the same or substantially similar terms as the initial credit facility entered into between JMP Group LLC and HCC LLC. Each loan origination under this credit facility is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. This secured revolving credit facility will provide, subject to certain conditions and limitations, up to an aggregate of \$50.0 million of revolving borrowings until April 1, 2014, but that amount may be reduced by us unilaterally upon giving notice to JMP Group LLC. After April 1, 2014, the amount outstanding thereunder will become a term loan payable in fourteen consecutive quarterly installments (beginning on April 1, 2014), each in an amount equal to 5% of the term amount, and with the final payment of any other outstanding amounts due on the maturity date of August 24, 2017. Borrowings under the secured revolving credit facility will bear interest at an annual rate equal to either (i) LIBOR + 4.50% or (ii) the Prime Rate + 2.25%, at our election and subject to increases during a default under the credit facility.

Until the IPO, Harvest Capital Strategies LLC ("HCS") served as the investment adviser for HCC LLC under the investment advisory and management agreement, which provided for management fees payable quarterly to the investment adviser at a rate of 2.0% per annum of the gross assets of HCC LLC. HCS agreed to waive the management fees payable to it by HCC LLC with respect to any assets acquired by HCC LLC prior to the IPO through the use of borrowings under the credit facility with JMP Group LLC until such time that the credit facility was repaid in full and terminated. The investment adviser also received an incentive fee based on performance. The terms of the incentive fee were the same as the post-IPO incentive fee except that it did not have the total return requirement that the post-IPO incentive fee has. Total management fee expense was \$166,784 and \$526,603 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and the three months ended September 30, 2012, respectively. Total management fee expense was \$800,299 and \$789,738 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and the nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively. Accrued management fees were \$0.7 million and \$0.7 million as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

In conjunction with the IPO, HCAP entered into a new investment advisory and management agreement to, among other things, have HCAP Advisors LLC, which is affiliated with HCS, replace HCS as our investment adviser. Under the new investment advisory and management agreement, the base management fee is calculated based on our gross assets (which includes assets acquired with the use of leverage and excludes cash and cash equivalents) at an annual rate of 2.0% on gross assets up to and including \$350 million, 1.75% on gross assets above \$350 million and up to and including \$1 billion, and 1.5% on gross assets above \$1 billion. The incentive fee consists of two parts. The first part is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears and equals 20% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income that exceeds a 2% quarterly (8% annualized) hurdle rate, subject to a catch-up provision measured at the end of each fiscal quarter. The second part is calculated and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the investment advisory and management agreement, as of the termination date) and equals 20% of our realized capital gains on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fees.

The post-IPO incentive fee is subject to a total return requirement, which provides that no incentive fee in respect of our pre-incentive fee net investment income is payable except to the extent 20% of the cumulative net increase in net assets resulting from operations over the then current and 11 preceding calendar quarters exceeds the cumulative income and capital gains incentive fees accrued and/or paid for the 11 preceding quarters. As a result, the total return requirement acts to defer our obligation to pay our investment adviser an incentive fee to the extent that we have generated cumulative net decreases in assets resulting from operations over the trailing 12 quarters due to unrealized or realized net losses on our investments and even in the event that our pre-incentive fee net investment income exceeds the hurdle rate. Additionally, our investment adviser has agreed to waive its incentive fees from the period beginning with our IPO through March 31, 2014 to the extent required to support a minimum annual dividend yield of 9% (which we anticipate will be paid on a monthly basis) based on our initial public offering price per share of \$15.00 per share. The number of shares of common stock that will be taken into account in connection with this determination will only include shares outstanding immediately after the IPO plus the number of shares of common stock issued pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan relating to those shares during the waiver period. During the period from the IPO through the end of the third quarter of 2013, the Company had net unrealized depreciation of \$0.4 million. As a result of the net unrealized depreciation and not exceeding the income incentive fee hurdle for the period of time following our IPO through the end of the third quarter of 2013, the Company reduced the accrued incentive fee payable by \$83.3 thousand or 20% of the net cumulative unrealized depreciation since the IPO.

HCC LLC entered into an administration agreement with JMP Credit Advisors LLC ("JMPCA"), a subsidiary of JMP Group Inc. The agreement provided that JMPCA would provide all of HCC LLC's administrative services including loan operations, accounting and recordkeeping and shareholders services. JMPCA would be reimbursed by HCC LLC for its expenses, including reimbursement for an allocable percentage of the compensation costs for the employees performing services under the agreement. There was a \$200,000 cap for reimbursement during the first twelve months of the agreement. In conjunction with the IPO, HCAP entered into a substantially similar administration agreement with JMPCA except that payments required to be made by HCAP to JMPCA under the agreement are capped such that amounts payable to JMPCA will not exceed \$275,000 during the first year of the term of the administration agreement. Total administrative services expense was \$70,417 and \$30,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and the three months ended September 30, 2012, respectively. Total administrative services expense was \$206,250 and \$67,500 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and the nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively. Accrued administrative services fees were \$116,250 and \$95,000 as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

On February 7, 2011, HCC LLC engaged JMP Securities LLC, a subsidiary of JMP Group Inc., to serve as the placement agent for HCC LLC's offering of up to \$30.0 million of capital commitments. JMP Securities LLC or its affiliates may provide us with various financial advisory and investment banking services in the future, for which they would receive compensation. Commission recorded by the Company during the three months ended September 30, 2013 and the three months ended September 30, 2012 owed to the related party in connection with securing capital commitments was \$0 and \$14,715, respectively. Additionally, JMP Securities LLC was one of the book-running underwriters in HCAP's IPO for which it received an estimated \$420,000 of compensation.

In connection with the Merger, the Company succeeded to all of the assets and liabilities of HCC LLC, including a potential obligation to pay HCS a capital

gains incentive fee based on the net unrealized appreciation in HCC LLC's investment portfolio. An expense for the incentive fee in the amount of \$0.5 million was accrued in HCC LLC's financial statements at the time of the Merger and, accordingly, reduced the value of HCC LCC in the Merger. The Company will only be obligated to pay a capital gains incentive fee on the acquired investment assets when and if such fee would have become payable under the terms of the investment advisory agreement that HCC LLC had entered into with HCS and irrespective of the 9% minimum dividend hurdle waiver discussed above. The right to receive such incentive fee, if any, was assigned by HCS to HCAP Advisors LLC after the Merger.

Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies

At September 30, 2013, the Company had a total of \$4.3 million in unfunded commitments comprised of \$3.8 million and \$0.5 million of delayed draws that had not been fully drawn and expire on December 31, 2014 and May 30, 2014, respectively.

Note 10: Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations per Common Share

In accordance with the provision of FASB ASC 260, "Earnings per Share" ("ASC 260"), basic earnings per share is computed by dividing earnings available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Other potentially dilutive common shares, and the related impact to earnings, are considered when calculating earnings per share on a diluted basis. There were 452 and no potentially dilutive common shares issued as of September 30, 2013, and September 30, 2012, respectively.

The following information sets forth the computation of the weighted average basic and diluted net increase in net assets per share from operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012, respectively:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 1,113,954	\$ 1,793,378	\$ 3,600,886	\$ 2,532,116
Weighted average shares outstanding (basic) (1)	6,097,708	1,057,662	3,856,705	764,689
Weighted average shares outstanding (diluted) (1)	6,098,160	1,057,662	3,857,157	764,689
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share (basic and diluted) (1)	\$ 0.18	\$ 1.70	\$ 0.93	\$ 3.31

(1) The shares outstanding and per share amounts for all periods prior to May 2013 have been adjusted for the conversion rate of 0.9913 shares for each unit. See Note 1.

Note 11: Financial Highlights

The following is a schedule of financial highlights for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012, respectively:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012
Per share data:				
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 14.85	\$ 15.13	\$ 16.89	\$ 14.38
Net investment income	0.24	0.20	0.91	1.12
Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments	(0.06)	1.50	0.03	2.19
Net increase in net assets from operations	15.03	16.83	17.83	17.69
Dividends/distributions declared	(0.28)	(0.42)	(1.12)	(0.83)
Shares issued pursuant to Dividend Reinvestment Plan	(0.06)	-	(0.11)	-
Effect of shares issued, net of offering expenses	-	(0.05)	(1.91)	(0.50)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 14.69	\$ 16.36	\$ 14.69	\$ 16.36
Net assets at end of period	89,790,816	17,444,823	89,790,816	17,444,823
Shares outstanding at end of period (1)	6,111,961	1,066,620	6,111,961	1,066,620
Ratios and Supplemental data:				
Total Return (2) (3)	1.20%	10.91%	-5.74%	19.54%
Average Net Assets	\$ 90,133,783	\$ 16,165,972	\$ 56,384,493	\$ 11,592,784
Ratio of expenses to average Net assets (annualized)	2.56%	20.00%	5.66%	18.56%
Ratio of net investment income to average Net assets (annualized)	6.54%	5.18%	8.28%	9.84%

(1) The shares outstanding and per share amounts for the periods prior to May 2013 have been adjusted for the conversion rate of 0.9913 shares for each unit. See Note 1.

(2) The total return equals the change in the ending net asset value per share over the beginning of period net asset value per share plus dividends per share during the period, divided by the beginning net asset value per share.

(3) The total return based on market value for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and the period from the IPO through September 30, 2013 was 1.77% and 2.98%, respectively. No market value data was available for the periods prior to the IPO.

Note 12: Subsequent Events

On October 4, 2013, the Company closed on a debt investment in PD Products totaling \$5.0 million.

On October 8, 2013, the Company closed on a debt investment in Arsloane (Pitney Bowes) totaling \$4.5 million.

On October 29, 2013, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with CapitalSource Bank, as agent and a lender, and each of the lenders from time to time party thereto, including City National Bank, to provide the Company with a \$55 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "New Credit Facility"). The New Credit Facility is secured by all of the Company's assets. The Loan Agreement, among other things, has a revolving period that expires on October 29, 2015 and a maturity date that expires on October 29, 2018. Advances under the New Credit Facility bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the lesser of (i) LIBOR plus 4.50% and (ii) the maximum rate permitted under applicable law. In addition, the Loan Agreement requires payment of a fee for unused amounts during the revolving period, which fee varies depending on the obligations outstanding as follows: (i) 0.75% per annum, if the average daily principal balance of the obligations outstanding for the prior month are less than fifty percent of the maximum loan amount; and (ii) 0.50% per annum, if such obligations outstanding are equal to or greater than fifty percent of the maximum loan amount. In each case, the fee is calculated based on the difference between (i) the maximum loan amount under the New Credit Facility and (ii) the average daily principal balance of the obligations outstanding during the prior calendar month.

The Loan Agreement also contains customary terms and conditions, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants, including, without limitation, information reporting requirements, a minimum tangible net worth, a minimum debt service coverage ratio, a minimum liquidity of 4% of the maximum loan amount, a maximum leverage ratio of 1.00 to 1.00, and maintenance of RIC and business development company status. The Loan Agreement also contains customary events of default, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation of representations and warranties in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default to other indebtedness, bankruptcy, change of control, and the occurrence of a material adverse effect. In addition, the Loan Agreement provides that, upon the occurrence and during the continuation of such an event of default, the Company's administration agreement could be terminated and a backup administrator could be substituted by the agent.

On October 29, 2013, the Company terminated its senior secured revolving credit facility with JMP Group LLC in conjunction with securing and entering into the New Credit Facility described above.

On October 29, 2013, the Company received a \$2.0 million payoff at par for its Blackboard portfolio investment. On October 30, 2013, the Company funded an add-on debt investment in one of its existing portfolio companies, CRS Reprocessing, totaling \$3.0 million.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

Some of the statements in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q constitute forward-looking statements, which relate to future events or our future performance or financial condition. The forward-looking statements contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

- our future operating results, including the performance of our existing investments;
- the introduction, withdrawal, success and timing of business initiatives and strategies;
- changes in political, economic or industry conditions, the interest rate environment or financial and capital markets, which could result in changes in the value of our assets;
- the relative and absolute investment performance and operations of our investment adviser;
- the impact of increased competition;
- the impact of investments we intend to make and future acquisitions and divestitures;
- our ability to turn potential investment opportunities into transactions and thereafter into completed and successful investments;
- the unfavorable resolution of any future legal proceedings;
- our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- our regulatory structure and tax status;
- the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital;
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies;
- the impact of interest rate volatility on our results, particularly because we use leverage as part of our investment strategy;
- the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objective;
- the impact of legislative and regulatory actions and reforms and regulatory, supervisory or enforcement actions of government agencies relating to us or our investment adviser;
- our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- our ability to access capital and any future financings by us;
- the ability of our investment adviser to attract and retain highly talented professionals; and
- the impact of changes to tax legislation and, generally, our tax position.

Such forward-looking statements may include statements preceded by, followed by or that otherwise include the words "may," "might," "will," "intend," "should," "could," "can," "would," "expect," "believe," "estimate," "anticipate," "predict," "potential," "plan" or similar words.

We have based the forward-looking statements included in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q on information available to us on the date of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in our forward-looking statements, and future results could differ materially from historical performance. We undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required by law or SEC rule or regulation. You are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we in the future may file with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

The following analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto contained elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

We were formed as a Delaware corporation on November 14, 2012. We completed our initial public offering ("IPO") on May 7, 2013 raising \$51.0 million in gross proceeds. On May 17, 2013, we raised another \$6.5 million in gross proceeds from the closing of the IPO underwriters' overallotment option. Immediately prior to the IPO, we acquired Harvest Capital Credit LLC in a merger whereby the outstanding limited liability company membership interests were converted into shares of our common stock and we assumed and succeeded to all of Harvest Capital Credit LLC's assets and liabilities, including its entire portfolio of investments. We issued 2,246,699 shares of our common stock for all of its 2,266,974 outstanding membership interests in connection with the merger. Harvest Capital Credit LLC is considered to be our predecessor for accounting purposes and, as such, its financial statements are our historical financial statements. Accordingly, the financial statements for periods prior to the IPO presented in this Form 10-Q and this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" are in reference to the historical financial statements of Harvest Capital Credit LLC which are our historical financial statements as a result of the merger.

As used herein, the terms “we”, “us” and the “Company” refer to HCC LLC for the periods prior to the IPO and refer to HCAP for the periods after the IPO.

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation primarily by making direct investments in the form of subordinated debt and, to a lesser extent, senior debt and minority equity investments. We plan to accomplish our investment objective by targeting investments in small and mid-sized U.S. private companies with annual revenues between \$10 million and \$100 million and EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) between \$2 million and \$15 million. We believe that transactions involving these size companies offer higher yielding investment opportunities, lower leverage levels and other terms more favorable than transactions involving larger companies.

We are an externally managed, non-diversified, closed-end investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As a BDC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For instance, we generally have to invest at least 70% of our total assets in “qualifying assets,” including securities of private or thinly traded public U.S. companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less.

As a BDC, we must not acquire any assets other than “qualifying assets” specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70% of our total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions). Qualifying assets include investments in “eligible portfolio companies.” Under the relevant SEC rules, the term “eligible portfolio company” includes all private companies, companies whose securities are not listed on a national securities exchange, and certain public companies that have listed their securities on a national securities exchange and have a market capitalization of less than \$250 million, in each case organized in the United States.

We intend to elect to be treated for tax purposes as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements. As a RIC, we generally will not have to pay corporate-level taxes on any income we distribute to our stockholders.

Portfolio Portfolio Composition

As of September 30, 2013, we had \$51.7 million (at fair value) invested in 15 companies. As of September 30, 2013, our portfolio included approximately 39.3% of first lien debt, 54.9% of second lien debt, 4.4% of equity investments and 1.4% of a royalty security at fair value.

We completed 2012 with \$41.5 million (at fair value) invested in 13 companies. As of December 31, 2012, our portfolio included approximately 25.8% of first lien debt, 68.0% of second lien debt, and 6.2% of equity investments at fair value.

We originate and invest primarily in privately-held middle-market companies (typically those with \$2.0 million to \$15.0 million of EBITDA) through first lien and second lien debt, oftentimes with a corresponding equity investment component and less frequently with a corresponding royalty security. The composition of our investments as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was as follows:

	As of September 30, 2013		As of December 31, 2012	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Senior Secured	\$ 20,058,754	\$ 20,319,327	\$ 10,720,959	\$ 10,720,959
Junior Secured	27,751,794	28,394,818	27,886,467	28,213,321
Equity	1,123,810	2,276,807	946,288	2,577,038
Royalty Securities	758,061	758,061	-	-
Total Investments	<u>\$ 49,692,419</u>	<u>\$ 51,749,013</u>	<u>\$ 39,553,714</u>	<u>\$ 41,511,318</u>

At September 30, 2013, our average portfolio company investment at amortized cost and fair value was approximately \$3.2 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, and our largest portfolio company investment by amortized cost and fair value was approximately \$5.5 million and \$5.5 million, respectively. At December 31, 2012, our average portfolio company investment at amortized cost and fair value was approximately \$3.0 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, and our largest portfolio company investment by amortized cost and fair value was approximately \$5.4 million and \$5.4 million, respectively.

At September 30, 2013, 35.7% of our debt investments bore interest based on floating rates (some of which were subject to interest rate floors), such as LIBOR, and 64.3% bore interest at fixed rates. At December 31, 2012, 33.6% of our debt investments bore interest based on floating rates (some of which were subject to interest rate floors), such as LIBOR, and 66.4% bore interest at fixed rates.

The weighted average yield on all of our debt investments as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was approximately 17.6% and 17.6%, respectively. The weighted average yield was computed using the effective interest rates for all of our debt investments, including cash and PIK interest as well as the accretion of original issue discount.

Investment Activity

During the three months ended September 30, 2013, we closed \$13.3 million of investment commitments in two new portfolio companies and one existing portfolio company. During the three months ended September 30, 2012, we closed a \$3.5 million investment in one new portfolio company.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we advanced an additional \$1.5 million under a line of credit facility in one of our existing portfolio companies and closed \$18.9 million of investment commitments in four new portfolio companies and one of our existing portfolio companies. During the nine months ended September 30, 2012, we closed \$18.8 million of investment commitments in five new portfolio companies and one of our existing portfolio companies.

During the three months ended September 30, 2013, we received a \$2.5 million payoff at par for one portfolio company investment. Additionally, we received \$43.1 thousand in principal repayments due to amortization or prepayments. During the three months ended September 30, 2012, we had no principal repayments or prepayments from any of our investments.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we received a \$6.7 million payoff at par for two portfolio investments, a \$0.1 million exit fee for one portfolio investment and \$0.1 million in principal repayments due to amortization. During the nine months ended September 30, 2012, we received \$0.5 million in principal proceeds from prepayments of one of our investments.

Our level of investment activity can vary substantially from period to period depending on many factors, including the level of merger and acquisition activity in our target market, the general economic environment and the competitive environment for the types of investments we make.

Asset Quality

In addition to various risk management and monitoring tools, we use an investment rating system to characterize and monitor the credit profile and expected level of returns on each investment in our portfolio. This investment rating system uses a five-level numeric scale. The following is a description of the conditions associated with each investment rating:

- Investment Rating 1 is used for investments that are performing above expectations, and whose risks remain favorable compared to the expected risk at the time of the original investment.
- Investment Rating 2 is used for investments that are performing within expectations and whose risks remain neutral compared to the expected risk at the time of the original investment. All new loans are initially rated 2.
- Investment Rating 3 is used for investments that are performing below expectations and that require closer monitoring, but where no loss of return or principal is expected. Portfolio companies with a rating of 3 may be out of compliance with financial covenants.
- Investment Rating 4 is used for investments that are performing substantially below expectations and whose risks have increased substantially since the original investment. These investments are often in work out. Investments with a rating of 4 are those for which some loss of return but no loss of principal is expected.
- Investment Rating 5 is used for investments that are performing substantially below expectations and whose risks have increased substantially since the original investment. These investments are almost always in work out. Investments with a rating of 5 are those for which some loss of return and principal is expected.

The following table shows the investment rankings of our investments at fair value:

Investment Rating	As of September 30, 2013			As of December 31, 2012		
	Fair Value	% of Total Portfolio	Number of Portfolio Companies	Fair Value	% of Total Portfolio	Number of Portfolio Companies
1	\$ 8.0	15.4%	2	\$ 10.2	24.6%	2
2	42.2	81.6%	12	31.3	75.4%	11
3	1.6	3.0%	1	-	-	-
4	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 51.8</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>\$ 41.5</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>13</u>

Loans and Debt Securities on Non-Accrual Status

We will not accrue interest on loans and debt securities if we have reason to doubt our ability to collect such interest or for such investments in which interest has not been paid for greater than 90 days. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we had no loans on non-accrual.

Results of Operations

An important measure of our financial performance is net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations, which includes net investment income (loss), net realized gain (loss) and net unrealized appreciation (depreciation). Net investment income (loss) is the difference between our income from interest, dividends, fees and other investment income and our operating expenses including interest on borrowed funds. Net realized gain (loss) on investments is the difference between the proceeds received from dispositions of portfolio investments and their amortized cost. Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments is the net change in the fair value of our investment portfolio.

Comparison of the Three Months and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Revenues

We generate revenue in the form of interest income on debt investments and capital gains and distributions, if any, on investment securities that we may acquire in portfolio companies. Our debt investments typically have a term of five to seven years and bear interest at a fixed or floating rate. Interest on our debt securities is generally payable quarterly. Payments of principal on our debt investments may be amortized over the stated term of the investment, deferred for several years or due entirely at maturity. In some cases, our debt investments may pay interest in-kind, or PIK. Any outstanding principal amount of our debt securities and any accrued but unpaid interest will generally become due at the maturity date. The level of interest income we receive is directly related to the balance of interest-bearing investments multiplied by the weighted average yield of our investments. We expect that the dollar amount of interest and any dividend income that we earn to increase as the size of our investment portfolio increases. In addition, we may generate revenue in the form of prepayment fees, commitment, loan origination, structuring or due diligence fees, fees for providing significant managerial assistance and consulting fees.

Investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2013 totaled \$2.1 million compared to investment income of \$1.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2013 was comprised of \$1.6 million in cash interest, \$0.3 million in PIK interest and \$0.2 million in fees earned on the investment portfolio. Investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2012 was comprised of \$0.8 million in cash interest, \$0.1 million in PIK interest and \$0.0 million in fees earned on the investment portfolio. The increase in investment income in the three months ended September 30, 2013 is attributable to a larger investment portfolio during the period as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Investment income for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 totaled \$5.9 million compared to investment income of \$2.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Investment income for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was comprised of \$4.5 million in cash interest, \$0.8 million in PIK interest and \$0.6 million in fees earned on the investment portfolio. Investment income for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 was comprised of \$2.0 million in cash interest, \$0.3 million in PIK interest and \$0.1 million in fees earned on the investment portfolio. The increase in investment income in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 is attributable to a larger investment portfolio during the period as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Expenses

Our primary operating expenses include the payment of fees to HCAP Advisors LLC under the investment advisory and management agreement, our allocable portion of overhead expenses under the administration agreement and other operating costs described below. We bear all other out-of-pocket costs and expenses of our operations and transactions, which include:

- the cost of calculating our net asset value, including the cost of any third-party valuation services;
- the cost of effecting sales and repurchases of shares of our common stock and other securities;
- fees payable to third parties relating to making investments, including out-of-pocket fees and expenses associated with performing due diligence and reviews of prospective investments;
- transfer agent and custodial fees;
- out-of-pocket fees and expenses associated with marketing efforts;
- federal and state registration fees and any stock exchange listing fees;

- U.S. federal, state and local taxes;
- independent directors' fees and expenses;
- brokerage commissions;
- fidelity bond, directors' and officers' liability insurance and other insurance premiums;
- direct costs, such as printing, mailing, long distance telephone and staff;
- fees and expenses associated with independent audits and outside legal costs;
- costs associated with our reporting and compliance obligations under the 1940 Act and other applicable U.S. federal and state securities laws; and
- other expenses incurred by JMP Credit Advisors LLC or us in connection with administering our business, including payments under the administration agreement that are based upon our allocable portion of overhead (subject to the review of our board of directors).

Operating expenses totaled \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Operating expenses in both periods consisted of base and incentive management fees, administrator expenses, fees related to the credit facility with JMP Group LLC, professional fees, valuation fees, insurance expenses, directors' fees, and other general and administrative expenses.

Operating expenses totaled \$1.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$0.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Operating expenses in both periods consisted of base and incentive management fees, administrator expenses, fees related to the credit facility with JMP Group LLC, professional fees, valuation fees, insurance expenses, directors' fees, and other general and administrative expenses.

The base management fee for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013 was \$250.0 thousand and \$497.1 thousand compared to \$78.3 thousand and \$156.7 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. Incentive management fees for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 were \$(83.3) thousand and \$303.2 thousand compared to \$448.3 thousand and \$633.0 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in incentive fees is due to the unrealized depreciation during the three months ended September 30, 2013 and not exceeding the income incentive fee hurdle for the period of time following our IPO through the end of the third quarter of 2013. The hurdle was not met due to the large amount of equity capital raised in the IPO but yet to be invested. Other operating expenses included reimbursement under the administrative services agreement and general and administrative expenses such as legal, accounting and valuation expenses.

Our historical expense structure changed as a result of the completion of our IPO as follows:

- The base management fee payable to our investment adviser prior to the IPO was calculated at an annual rate of 2.0% of our gross assets, including assets acquired with the use of borrowings. However, our investment adviser had agreed to waive the base management fee payable to it prior to the IPO with respect to any assets acquired by us through the use of borrowings under the credit facility until such time that the credit facility has been repaid in full and terminated. Moreover, our investment adviser received a base management fee prior to the IPO with respect to cash and cash equivalents held by us. Subsequent to the IPO, the base management fee is calculated based on our gross assets (which includes assets acquired with the use of leverage, but excludes cash and cash equivalents) at an annual rate of 2.0% on gross assets up to and including \$350 million, 1.75% on gross assets above \$350 million and up to and including \$1 billion, and 1.5% on gross assets above \$1 billion. Moreover, the waiver agreement described above with respect to assets acquired by us through the use of borrowings under the credit facility was terminated in connection with our IPO. As a result, a base management fee will be payable to our investment adviser on all assets acquired by us through the use of borrowings, including under the credit facility.
- Our investment adviser has agreed to permanently waive all or such portion of the incentive fee that it would otherwise collect from us to the extent necessary to support a minimum dividend yield of 9% for the period of time commencing with our IPO through March 31, 2014. The 9% dividend hurdle will be based upon our IPO price of \$15 times the number of shares of our common stock currently outstanding plus the number of shares of common stock issued pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan during the waiver period. Incentive fee expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2013 totaled \$(83.3) thousand. The Company had net unrealized depreciation during the third quarter of 2013 and had not exceeded the income incentive fee hurdle for the period of time following our IPO through the end of the third quarter of 2013, resulting in the reduction of the accrued incentive fee payable by 20% of net cumulative unrealized depreciation since the IPO.
- Only a portion of the 2013 periods (i.e., from May 2, 2013, the date of our IPO, to September 30, 2013) reflect the change in our historical expense structure for the items noted above as well as our operations as a public company. As a result, the full impact of such changes will be more evident in future periods.

Net Investment Income

For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013, net investment income was \$1.5 million and \$3.5 million, respectively, compared to \$0.2 million and \$0.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, net investment income per share was \$0.24 and \$0.91 compared to \$0.20 and \$1.12 for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively.

Net Realized Gains and Losses

Realized gains and losses on investments are calculated using the specific identification method. We measure realized gains or losses on equity investments as the difference between the net proceeds from the sale and the amortized cost basis of the investment, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized. We measure realized gains or losses on debt investments as the difference between the net proceeds from the repayment or sale and the contractual amount owed to us on the investment, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized or unamortized deferred fees. The acceleration of unamortized deferred fees is recognized as interest income and the collection of prepayment and other fees is recognized as other income. In its Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2013, the Company had presented acceleration of unamortized deferred fees of \$152.1 thousand as realized gain. This amount is now presented as interest income. This amount is not material to the current or previous quarter financial statements.

We did not recognize any realized gains or losses on our investments in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012, respectively.

Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation of Investments

Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) primarily reflects the change in portfolio investment values during the reporting period, including the reversal of previously recorded appreciation or depreciation when gains or losses are realized.

Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments totaled \$(360.1) thousand and \$99.0 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and \$1.6 million and \$1.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations

The net increase in net assets resulting from operations was \$1.1 million and \$3.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and \$1.8 million and \$2.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decreased amount in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 primarily reflects the decrease in unrealized appreciation described above, partially offset by the increase in net investment income.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows from Operating and Financing Activities

Our operating activities used cash of \$6.8 million and \$17.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, primarily in connection with the funding of new investments. Our financing activities provided cash of \$37.9 million and \$14.9 million, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. Our financing activity proceeds for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were primarily in connection with proceeds received from our IPO, partially offset by pay downs on our credit facility with JMP Group LLC. Our financing activity proceeds for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 were primarily in connection with proceeds received from our pre-IPO private offering of equity securities.

Our liquidity and capital resources are derived from the credit facility with JMP Group LLC, proceeds received from our IPO, cash flows from operations, including investment sales and repayments, and income earned. Our primary use of funds from operations includes investments in portfolio companies and other operating expenses we incur, as well as the payment of dividends to the holders of our common stock. We used, and expect to continue to use, these capital resources as well as proceeds from public and private offerings of securities to finance our investment activities.

Although we expect to fund the growth of our investment portfolio through the net proceeds from future equity offerings and issuances of senior securities or future borrowings to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act, our plans to raise capital may not be successful. In this regard, if our common stock trades at a price below our then-current net asset value per share, we may be limited in our ability to raise equity capital given that we cannot sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share unless our stockholders approve such a sale and our board of directors makes certain determinations in connection therewith.

In addition, we intend to distribute between 90% and 100% of our taxable income to our stockholders in order to satisfy the requirements applicable to RICs under Subchapter M of the Code. Consequently, we may not have the funds or the ability to fund new investments, to make additional investments in our portfolio companies, to fund our unfunded commitments to portfolio companies or to repay borrowings. In addition, the illiquidity of our portfolio investments may make it difficult for us to sell these investments when desired and, if we are required to sell these investments, we may realize significantly less than their recorded value.

Also, as a BDC, we are generally required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets, less liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, to total senior securities, which include all of our borrowings and any outstanding preferred stock, of at least 200%. This requirement limits the amount that we may borrow. As of September 30, 2013, we were in compliance with this requirement. Prior to our IPO we were not in compliance with this requirement, but we used the proceeds from the IPO to pay down the outstanding balance under the credit facility with JMP Group LLC and, as a result became compliant. The amount of leverage that we employ as a BDC will depend on our assessment of market conditions and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing, such as the maturity, covenant package and rate structure of the proposed borrowings, our ability to raise funds through the issuance of shares of our common stock and the risks of such borrowings within the context of our investment outlook. Ultimately, we only intend to use leverage if the expected returns from borrowing to make investments will exceed the cost of such borrowing.

As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we had cash of \$38.8 million and \$7.6 million, respectively.

Credit Facility

Effective August 24, 2011, Harvest Capital Credit LLC entered into its senior secured revolving credit facility with JMP Group LLC. The credit facility had a total size of \$30 million, a maximum term of six years and revolving period of two years. The maximum amount outstanding was also limited by a covenant which restricted borrowings to no more than 2.0 times the Net Tangible Asset Value ("NTAV") of Harvest Capital Credit LLC. At the end of the two year revolving period, the outstanding balance was set to amortize evenly at 5% per quarter over the following 16 consecutive quarters with the final 20% due at maturity on August 24, 2017. The credit facility carried an interest rate of either (i) LIBOR + 7.0%, with a LIBOR floor of 1.5%, or (ii) the Prime Rate + 4.75%. The credit facility had an unused line fee of 0.50% per year.

On March 25, 2013, we entered into an amendment to the credit facility with JMP Group LLC, whereby, upon completing our IPO (which closed on May 7, 2013) and satisfaction of certain other closing conditions, we have secured a revolving credit facility with JMP Group LLC on the same or substantially similar terms as the initial credit facility entered into between JMP Group LLC and Harvest Capital Credit LLC. Each loan origination under this credit facility is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. This secured revolving credit facility provides, subject to certain conditions and limitations, up to an aggregate of \$50 million of revolving borrowings until April 1, 2014, but that amount may be reduced by us unilaterally upon giving notice to JMP Group LLC. After April 1, 2014, the amount outstanding thereunder becomes a term loan payable in fourteen consecutive quarterly installments (beginning on April 1, 2014), each in an amount equal to 5% of the term amount, and with final payment of any other outstanding amounts due on the maturity date of August 24, 2017. Borrowings under the secured revolving credit facility bear interest at an annual rate equal to either (i) LIBOR + 4.50%, or (ii) the Prime Rate + 2.25%, at our election and subject to increases during a default under the credit facility.

On May 7, 2013, HCAP closed its IPO, and in connection therewith, the other closing conditions relating to consummation of the amended credit facility with JMP Group LLC were satisfied. Accordingly, we currently have a revolving credit facility with JMP Group LLC on the amended terms described above, which, among other things, provides for up to an aggregate of \$50 million of revolving borrowings until April 1, 2014. There are no outstanding borrowings under this facility, however, as a portion of the net proceeds from the IPO were used to repay all of the outstanding indebtedness under the facility at September 30, 2013.

See the Recent Developments section below regarding the Company's recent termination of the credit facility with JMP Group LLC and entry into a new senior secured revolving credit facility with CapitalSource Bank and City National Bank.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We may be a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financial needs of our portfolio companies. As of September 30, 2013, our only off-balance sheet arrangements consisted of \$4.3 million of unfunded commitments to provide debt financing to two of our portfolio companies. As of December 31, 2012, our only off-balance sheet arrangements consisted of \$3.5 million of unfunded commitments to provide debt financing to two of our portfolio companies.

Regulated Investment Company Status and Dividends

We intend to elect to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. If we qualify as a RIC, we will not be taxed on our investment company taxable income or realized net capital gains, to the extent that such taxable income or gains are distributed, or deemed to be distributed, to stockholders on a timely basis.

Taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses, and generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation until realized. Dividends declared and paid by us in a year may differ from taxable income for that year as such dividends may include the distribution of current year taxable income or the distribution of prior year taxable income carried forward into and distributed in the current year. Distributions also may include returns of capital.

To qualify as a RIC, the Company is required to meet certain income and asset diversification test in addition to distributing at least 90% of ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any, out of the assets legally available for distribution. As a RIC, the Company will be subject to a 4% nondeductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless the Company distributes in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98% of its ordinary income for each calendar year, (2) 98.2% of its capital gain net income for the 1-year period ending October 31 in that calendar year and (3) any ordinary income and net capital gains for preceding years that were not distributed during such years and on which the Company paid no U.S. federal income tax.

We intend to distribute to our stockholders between 90% and 100% of our annual taxable income (which includes our taxable interest and fee income). However, the covenants contained in the credit facility with JMP Group LLC may prohibit us from making distributions to our stockholders, and, as a result, could hinder our ability to satisfy the distribution requirement. In addition, we may retain for investment some or all of our net taxable capital gains (i.e., realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses) and treat such amounts as deemed distributions to our stockholders. If we do this, our stockholders will be treated as if they received actual distributions of the capital gains we retained and then reinvested the net after-tax proceeds in our common stock. Our stockholders also may be eligible to claim tax credits (or, in certain circumstances, tax refunds) equal to their allocable share of the tax we paid on the capital gains deemed distributed to them. To the extent our taxable earnings for a fiscal taxable year fall below the total amount of our dividends for that fiscal year, a portion of those dividend distributions may be deemed a return of capital to our stockholders.

We may not be able to achieve operating results that will allow us to make distributions at a specific level or to increase the amount of these distributions from time to time. In addition, we may be limited in our ability to make distributions due to the asset coverage test for borrowings applicable to us as a business development company under the 1940 Act and due to provisions in the credit facility with JMP Group LLC. We cannot assure stockholders that they will receive any distributions or distributions at a particular level.

In accordance with certain applicable Treasury regulations and private letter rulings issued by the Internal Revenue Service, a RIC may treat a distribution of its own stock as fulfilling its RIC distribution requirements if each stockholder may elect to receive his or her entire distribution in either cash or stock of the RIC, subject to a limitation that the aggregate amount of cash to be distributed to all stockholders must be at least 20% of the aggregate declared distribution. If too many stockholders elect to receive cash, each stockholder electing to receive cash must receive a pro rata amount of cash (with the balance of the distribution paid in stock). In no event will any stockholder, electing to receive cash, receive less than 20% of his or her entire distribution in cash. If these and certain other requirements are met, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the amount of the dividend paid in stock will be equal to the amount of cash that could have been received instead of stock. We have no current intention of paying dividends in shares of our stock in accordance with these Treasury regulations or private letter rulings.

Recent Developments

On October 4, 2013, the Company closed on a debt investment in PD Products totaling \$5.0 million.

On October 8, 2013, the Company closed on a debt investment in Arsloane (Pitney Bowes) totaling \$4.5 million.

On October 29, 2013, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with CapitalSource Bank, as agent and a lender, and each of the lenders from time to time party thereto, including City National Bank, to provide the Company with a \$55 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "New Credit Facility"). The New Credit Facility is secured by all of the Company's assets. The Loan Agreement, among other things, has a revolving period that expires on October 29, 2015 and a maturity date that expires on October 29, 2018. Advances under the New Credit Facility bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the lesser of (i) LIBOR plus 4.50% and (ii) the maximum rate permitted under applicable law. In addition, the Loan Agreement requires payment of a fee for unused amounts during the revolving period, which fee varies depending on the obligations outstanding as follows: (i) 0.75% per annum, if the average daily principal balance of the obligations outstanding for the prior month are less than fifty percent of the maximum loan amount; and (ii) 0.50% per annum, if such obligations outstanding are equal to or greater than fifty percent of the maximum loan amount. In each case, the fee is calculated based on the difference between (i) the maximum loan amount under the New Credit Facility and (ii) the average daily principal balance of the obligations outstanding during the prior calendar month.

The Loan Agreement also contains customary terms and conditions, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants, including, without limitation, information reporting requirements, a minimum tangible net worth, a minimum debt service coverage ratio, a minimum liquidity of 4% of the maximum loan amount, a maximum leverage ratio of 1.00 to 1.00, and maintenance of RIC and business development company status. The Loan Agreement also contains customary events of default, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation of representations and warranties in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default to other indebtedness, bankruptcy, change of control, and the occurrence of a material adverse effect. In addition, the Loan Agreement provides that, upon the occurrence and during the continuation of such an event of default, the Company's administration agreement could be terminated and a backup administrator could be substituted by the agent.

On October 29, 2013, the Company terminated its senior secured revolving credit facility with JMP Group LLC in conjunction with securing and entering into the New Credit Facility described above.

On October 29, 2013, the Company received a \$2.0 million payoff at par for its Blackboard portfolio investment. On October 30, 2013, the Company funded an add-on debt investment in one of its existing portfolio companies, CRS Reprocessing, totaling \$3.0 million.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, six of our loans or 35.7% of the fair value of our portfolio bore interest at floating rates. Two of these floating rate loans have interest rate floors, which have effectively converted the loans to fixed rate loans in the current interest rate environment. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, four loans or 39.8% of the fair value of the portfolio bore interest at floating rates. Three of these investments had interest rate floors, which effectively converted the loans to fixed rate loans in the current interest rate environment. In the future, we expect other loans in our portfolio will have floating rates. Assuming that the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2013, were to remain constant and no actions were taken to alter the existing interest rate sensitivity, a hypothetical one percent increase in LIBOR would have no impact on our net income as our floating rate loans and borrowing rates have LIBOR floors that would not be affected by the one percent increase. Likewise, a hypothetical decrease in LIBOR would have no impact on our net income as most of our loans are fixed rate and our floating rate loans and borrowing rates have LIBOR floors that would not be affected by the one percent decrease. Although we believe that this measure is indicative of our sensitivity to interest rate changes, it does not adjust for potential changes in credit quality, size and composition of the assets on the balance sheet and other business developments that could affect net increase in net assets resulting from operations, or net income. Accordingly, no assurances can be given that actual results would not differ materially from the potential outcome simulated by this estimate. We may hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using standard hedging instruments such as futures, options and forward contracts subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act. While hedging activities may insulate us against adverse changes in interest rates, they may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio of investments. We have not engaged in any hedging activities to date.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of September 30, 2013, we, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in timely alerting management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of material information about us required to be included in periodic SEC filings.

(b) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management did not identify any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2013 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not currently subject to any material legal proceedings, nor, to our knowledge, is any material legal proceeding threatened against us. From time to time, we may be a party to certain legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including proceedings relating to the enforcement of our rights under contracts with our portfolio companies. While the outcome of these legal proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, we do not expect that these proceedings will have a material effect upon our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There has been no material change in the information provided under the heading “Risk Factors” in our final prospectus dated May 2, 2013. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial may materially affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Sales of Unregistered Securities

On January 16, 2013, we issued 100 shares of HCAP common stock to JMP Group LLC for \$1,500 in connection with the organization of the Company. The issuance of such shares of our common stock was deemed to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act as transactions by an issuer not involving a public offering.

On May 2, 2013, HCAP acquired HCC LLC in a merger, whereby HCC LLC merged with and into HCAP and HCAP issued 2,246,699 shares of its common stock to the holders of membership interests in HCC LLC in exchange for all such membership interests. HCAP did not receive any cash from the issuance, but assumed and succeeded to all of the assets and liabilities of HCC LLC, including its entire investment portfolio, representing an aggregate amount of consideration of \$33,715,851. No underwriting discounts or commissions were paid in respect of these shares. These securities were offered and sold in reliance upon an exemption from registration under Rule 506 of Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

In addition, we issued a total of 30,829 shares of common stock under our dividend reinvestment plan (“DRIP”). This issuance was not subject to the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933. The aggregate value of the shares of our common stock issued under our DRIP was approximately \$440,813.

We did not engage in any other sales of unregistered securities during the nine month period ended September 30, 2013.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: November 12, 2013

Harvest Capital Credit Corporation

By: /s/ Richard P. Buckanavage
Name: Richard P. Buckanavage
Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

By: /s/ Craig Kitchin
Name: Craig Kitchin
Title: Chief Financial Officer, Chief Compliance Officer and Secretary

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Investment Advisory and Management Agreement.
31.1	Chief Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14 (a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
31.2	Chief Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14 (a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
32.1	Chief Executive Officer Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
32.2	Chief Financial Officer Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*

INVESTMENT ADVISORY AND MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

BETWEEN

HARVEST CAPITAL CREDIT CORPORATION

AND

HCAP ADVISORS LLC

AGREEMENT, dated as of April 29, 2013 between Harvest Capital Credit Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Corporation"), and HCAP Advisors LLC (the "Adviser"), a Delaware limited liability company.

WHEREAS, the Adviser has agreed to furnish investment advisory services to the Corporation, which intends to elect to operate as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"); and

WHEREAS, this Agreement has been approved in accordance with the provisions of the 1940 Act, and the Adviser is willing to furnish such services upon the terms and conditions herein set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual premises and covenants herein contained and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, it is agreed by and between the parties hereto as follows:

1. In General. The Adviser agrees, all as more fully set forth herein, to act as investment adviser to the Corporation with respect to the investment of the Corporation's assets and to supervise and arrange for the day-to-day operations of the Corporation and the purchase of assets for and the sale of assets held in the investment portfolio of the Corporation.

2. Duties and Obligations of the Adviser with Respect to Investment of Assets of the Corporation.

(a) Subject to the succeeding provisions of this paragraph and subject to the direction and control of the Corporation's board of directors (the "Board of Directors"), the Adviser shall act as the investment adviser to the Company and to manage the investment and reinvestment of the assets of the Company. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Adviser shall, during the term and subject to the provisions of this Agreement, (i) determine the composition of the portfolio of the Corporation, the nature and timing of the changes therein and the manner of implementing such changes; (ii) identify, evaluate and negotiate the structure of the investments made by the Corporation; (iii) execute, close, service and monitor the investments that the Corporation makes; (iv) determine the securities and other assets that the Corporation will purchase, retain or sell; (v) perform due diligence on prospective portfolio companies; and (vi) provide the Corporation with such other investment advisory, research and related services as the Corporation may, from time to time, reasonably require for the investment of its funds. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to restrict the Corporation's right to hire its own employees or to contract for administrative services to be performed by third parties, including but not limited to, the calculation of the net asset value of the Corporation's shares. In the event that the Corporation determines to obtain debt financing, the Adviser shall arrange for such financing on the Corporation's behalf, subject to the oversight and approval of the Corporation's Board of Directors.

(b) In the performance of its duties under this Agreement, the Adviser shall at all times use all reasonable efforts to conform to, and act in accordance with, any requirements imposed by (i) the provisions of the 1940 Act, and of any rules or regulations in force thereunder, subject to the terms of any exemptive order applicable to the Corporation; (ii) any other applicable provision of law; (iii) the provisions of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and the Bylaws of the Corporation, as such documents are amended from time to time; (iv) the investment objectives, policies and restrictions applicable to the Corporation as set forth in the Corporation's Registration Statement on Form N-2, initially filed on December 26, 2012 (the "Registration Statement"), and as set forth in the reports and/or registration statements that the Corporation files with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") from time to time; and (v) any policies and determinations of the Board of Directors of the Corporation and provided in writing to the Adviser.

(c) The Adviser will seek to provide qualified personnel to fulfill its duties hereunder and will bear all costs and expenses incurred in connection with its investment advisory duties hereunder, including the compensation and routine overhead expenses of such personnel. The Corporation shall be responsible for the payment of all of the Corporation's other expenses, including payment of the fees payable to the Adviser under Section 6 hereof; organizational and offering expenses; expenses incurred in valuing the Corporation's assets and computing its net asset value per share (including the cost and expenses of any independent valuation firm); expenses incurred by the Adviser or payable to third parties, including agents, consultants or other advisers, in monitoring financial and legal affairs for the Corporation and in monitoring the Corporation's investments and performing due diligence on the Corporation's prospective portfolio companies or otherwise related to, or associated with, evaluating and making investments; interest payable on debt, if any, incurred to finance the Corporation's investments and expenses related to unsuccessful portfolio acquisition efforts; offerings of the Corporation's common stock and other securities; investment advisory and management fees payable under this Agreement; administration fees; transfer agent and custody fees and expenses; federal and state registration fees; all costs of registration and listing the Corporation's shares on any securities exchange; federal, state and local taxes; independent directors' fees and expenses; costs of preparing and filing reports or other documents required by the SEC or other regulators; costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to stockholders, including printing costs; the Corporation's fidelity bond, directors and officers/errors and omissions liability insurance, and any other insurance premiums; direct costs and expenses of administration and operation, including printing, mailing, long distance telephone, copying, secretarial and other staff, independent auditors and outside legal costs; and all other non-investment advisory expenses incurred by the Corporation or the Adviser in connection with the administering the Corporation's business.

(d) The Adviser shall give the Corporation the benefit of its professional judgment and effort in rendering services hereunder, but neither the Adviser nor any of its officers, directors, employees, agents or controlling persons shall be liable for any act or omission or for any loss sustained by the Corporation in connection with the matters to which this Agreement relates, provided, that the foregoing exculpation shall not apply to a loss resulting from willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of its duties, or by reason of its reckless disregard of its obligations and duties under this Agreement; provided further, however, that the foregoing shall not constitute a waiver of any rights which the Corporation may have which may not be waived under applicable law.

(e) The Adviser is authorized to place orders with any broker or dealer in connection with the performance of its duties under this Agreement. Subject to the other provisions of this paragraph, in placing orders with brokers and dealers, the Adviser will attempt to obtain the best price and the most favorable execution of its orders. In placing orders, the Adviser will consider the experience and skill of the firm's securities traders as well as the firm's financial responsibility and administrative efficiency. Consistent with this obligation, the Adviser may select brokers on the basis of the research, statistical and pricing services they provide to the Corporation and other clients of the Adviser. Information and research received from such brokers will be in addition to, and not in lieu of, the services required to be performed by the Adviser hereunder. A commission paid to such brokers may be higher than that which another qualified broker would have charged for effecting the same transaction, provided that the Adviser determines in good faith that such commission is reasonable in terms either of the transaction or the overall responsibility of the Adviser to the Corporation and its other clients and that the total commissions paid by the Corporation will be reasonable in relation to the benefits to the Corporation over the long term, subject to review by the Board of Directors of the Corporation from time to time with respect to the extent and continuation of such practice to determine whether the Corporation benefits, directly or indirectly, from such practice.

3. Services Not Exclusive. Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent the Adviser or any officer, employee or other affiliate thereof from acting as investment adviser for any other person, firm or corporation, or from engaging in any other lawful activity, and shall not in any way limit or restrict the Adviser or any of its officers, employees or agents from buying, selling or trading any securities for its or their own accounts or for the accounts of others for whom it or they may be acting; provided, however, that the Adviser will not undertake, and will cause its employees not to undertake, activities which, in its reasonable judgment, will adversely affect the performance of the Adviser's obligations under this Agreement.

4. Covenants of the Adviser. The Adviser covenants that it will maintain its registration as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. The Adviser agrees that its activities will at all times be in compliance in all material respects with all applicable federal and state laws governing its operations and investments.

5. Books and Records. Subject to review by and the overall control of the Board of Directors of the Corporation, the Adviser shall keep and preserve for the period required by the 1940 Act any books and records relevant to the provision of its investment advisory services to the Corporation and shall specifically maintain all books and records with respect to the Corporation's portfolio transactions and shall render to the Corporation's Board of Directors such periodic and special reports as the Board of Directors may reasonably request. The Adviser agrees that all records that it maintains for the Corporation are the property of the Corporation and shall surrender promptly to the Corporation any such records upon the Corporation's request, provided that the Adviser may retain a copy of such records.

6. Compensation of the Adviser. The Adviser, for its services to the Corporation, will be entitled to receive a management fee (the "Base Management Fee") and an incentive fee ("Incentive Fee") from the Corporation.

(a) The Base Management Fee will be calculated at an annual rate of (i) 2.00% of the Corporation's gross assets, which includes assets purchased with borrowed funds or other forms of leverage and excluding cash and cash equivalents, up to and including \$350 million, (ii) 1.75% of the Corporation's gross assets in excess of \$350 million and up to and including \$1 billion, and (iii) 1.50% of the Corporation's gross assets in excess of \$1 billion. For purposes of this Agreement, the term "cash and cash equivalents" will have the meaning ascribed to it from time to time in the notes to the financial statements that the Corporation files with the SEC. The Base Management Fee is payable quarterly in arrears on a calendar quarter basis. For the period from the date of commencement of the Corporation's operations (the "Commencement Date") through the end of the first and second quarters of the Corporation's operations, the Base Management Fee will be calculated based on the initial value of the Corporation's gross assets (as defined above). Subsequently, the Base Management Fee will be calculated based on the average value of the Corporation's gross assets (as defined above) at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters. Base Management Fees for any partial quarter will be appropriately pro-rated.

(b) The Incentive Fee will consist of two parts, as follows:

(i) The first component of the Incentive Fee (the "Income-Based Fee") will be calculated and payable quarterly in arrears based on the Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for the immediately preceding calendar quarter for which such fees are being calculated and shall be payable promptly following the filing of the Corporation's financial statements for such quarter. "Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income" means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence, consulting fees or other fees that the Corporation receives from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus the Corporation's operating expenses for the quarter (including the Base Management Fee, expenses payable under the Corporation's administration agreement (the "Administration Agreement"), any interest expense and any dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the Incentive Fee). Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with payment-in-kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income not yet received in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

(ii) Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of the Corporation's net assets (defined as total assets less senior securities constituting indebtedness and preferred stock) at the end of the calendar quarter for which such fees are being calculated, will be compared to a "hurdle rate" of 2.0% per quarter (8.0% annualized). The Corporation will pay the Adviser the Income-Based Fee with respect to the Corporation's Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income in each calendar quarter as follows:

- (1) no Income-Based Fee for any calendar quarter in which the Corporation's Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not exceed the hurdle rate;
- (2) 100% of the Corporation's Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for any calendar quarter with respect to that portion of the Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for such quarter, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.5% (10.0% annualized); and
- (3) 20.0% of the amount of the Corporation's Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for any calendar quarter with respect to that portion of the Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for such quarter, if any, that exceeds 2.5% (10.0% annualized);

provided that, no Incentive Fee in respect of Sections 6(b)(i) and 6(b)(ii) hereof will be payable except to the extent 20.0% of the cumulative net increase in net assets resulting from operations over the calendar quarter for which such fees are being calculated and the 11 preceding quarters exceeds the cumulative Incentive Fees accrued and/or paid pursuant to Section 6(b) hereof for such 11 preceding quarters. For the foregoing purpose, the "cumulative net increase in net assets resulting from operations" is the amount, if positive, of the sum of Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income, realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation and depreciation of the Corporation for the calendar quarter for which such fees are being calculated and the 11 preceding calendar quarters. These calculations will be appropriately adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the calendar quarter for which such fees are being calculated.

(iii) The second part of the Incentive Fee (the "Capital Gains Fee") will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of this Agreement as set forth below), commencing with the calendar year ending on December 31, 2013, and is calculated at the end of each applicable year by subtracting (1) the sum of the Corporation's cumulative aggregate realized capital losses and aggregate unrealized capital depreciation from (2) the Corporation's cumulative aggregate realized capital gains, in each case calculated from the Commencement Date. If the amount so calculated is positive, then the Capital Gains Fee for such year is equal to 20.0% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of Capital Gains Fees paid in all prior years; provided that the Incentive Fee determined as of December 31, 2013 will be calculated for a period of shorter than twelve calendar months to take into account any realized capital gains computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation for the period ending December 31, 2013. If such amount is negative, then no Capital Gains Fee will be payable for such year. If this Agreement is terminated as of a date that is not a calendar year end, the termination date shall be treated as though it were a calendar year end for purposes of calculating and paying a Capital Gains Fee.

7. Indemnification. The Adviser (and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with the Adviser) shall not be liable to the Corporation for any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Adviser in connection with the performance of any of its duties or obligations under this Agreement or otherwise as an investment adviser of the Corporation (except to the extent specified in Section 36(b) of the 1940 Act concerning loss resulting from a breach of fiduciary duty (as the same is finally determined by judicial proceedings) with respect to the receipt of compensation for services), and the Corporation shall indemnify, defend and protect the Adviser (and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with the Adviser) (collectively, the "Indemnified Parties") and hold them harmless from and against all damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) incurred by the Indemnified Parties in or by reason of any pending, threatened or completed action, suit, investigation or other proceeding (including an action or suit by or in the right of the Corporation or its security holders) arising out of or otherwise based upon the performance of any of the Adviser's duties or obligations under this Agreement or otherwise as an investment adviser of the Corporation. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence of this Section 7 to the contrary, nothing contained herein shall protect or be deemed to protect the Indemnified Parties against or entitle or be deemed to entitle the Indemnified Parties to indemnification in respect of, any liability to the Corporation or its security holders to which the Indemnified Parties would otherwise be subject by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of the Adviser's duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of the Adviser's duties and obligations under this Agreement (as the same shall be determined in accordance with the 1940 Act and any interpretations or guidance by the SEC or its staff thereunder).

8. Duration and Termination.

(a) This Agreement shall become effective as of the first date above written. This Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, upon 60 days' written notice, (i) by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Corporation, (ii) by the vote of the Corporation's Board of Directors, or (iii) by the Adviser. The provisions of Section 7 of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect, and the Adviser shall remain entitled to the benefits thereof, notwithstanding any termination of this Agreement. Further, notwithstanding the termination or expiration of this Agreement as aforesaid, the Adviser shall be entitled to any amounts owed under Section 6 through the date of termination or expiration and Section 7 shall continue in force and effect and apply to the Adviser and its representatives as and to the extent applicable.

(b) This Agreement shall continue in effect for two years from the date hereof and thereafter shall continue automatically for successive annual periods, provided that such continuance is specifically approved at least annually by (A) the vote of the Board of Directors, or by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Corporation and (B) the vote of a majority of the members of the Corporation's Board of Directors who are not parties to this Agreement or "interested persons" (as such term is defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act) of any such party, in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act.

(c) This Agreement will automatically terminate in the event of its "assignment" (as such term is defined for purposes of Section 15(a)(4) of the 1940 Act).

9. Notices. Any notice under this Agreement shall be in writing to the other party at such address as the other party may designate from time to time for the receipt of such notice and shall be deemed to be received on the earlier of the date actually received or on the fourth day after the postmark if such notice is mailed first class postage prepaid.

10. Amendment of this Agreement. This Agreement may be amended by mutual consent of the parties hereto, but the consent of the Corporation must be obtained in conformity with the requirements of the 1940 Act.

11. Entire Agreement; Governing Law. This Agreement contains the entire agreement of the parties and supersedes all prior agreements, understandings and arrangements with respect to the subject matter hereof. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York and in accordance with the applicable provisions of the 1940 Act. In such case, to the extent the applicable laws of the State of New York, or any of the provisions herein, conflict with the provisions of the 1940 Act, the latter shall control.

12. Miscellaneous. The captions in this Agreement are included for convenience of reference only and in no way define or delimit any of the provisions hereof or otherwise affect their construction or effect. If any provision of this Agreement shall be held or made invalid by a court decision, statute, rule or otherwise, the remainder of this Agreement shall not be affected thereby. This Agreement shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors.

13. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts by the parties hereto, each of which shall constitute an original counterpart, and all of which, together, shall constitute one Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused the foregoing instrument to be executed by their duly authorized officers, all as of the day and the year first above written.

HARVEST CAPITAL CREDIT CORPORATION

By: /s/ Craig R. Kitchin
Name: Craig R. Kitchin
Title: Chief Financial Officer

HCAP ADVISORS LLC

By: /s/ Richard P. Buckanavage
Name: Richard P. Buckanavage
Title: President

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION**

I, Richard P. Buckanavage, Chief Executive Officer of Harvest Capital Credit Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Harvest Capital Credit Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of and for the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) [Omitted];
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 12, 2013

By: /s/ Richard P. Buckanavage
Richard P. Buckanavage
Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION**

I, Craig Kitchin, Chief Financial Officer of Harvest Capital Credit Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Harvest Capital Credit Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of and for the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e))for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) [Omitted];
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 12, 2013

By: /s/ Craig Kitchin
Craig Kitchin
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
Pursuant to
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)

In connection with this Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (the "Report") of Harvest Capital Credit Corporation (the "Registrant"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Richard P. Buckanavage, Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant, hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

/s/ Richard P. Buckanavage
Richard P. Buckanavage
Chief Executive Officer
November 12, 2013

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
Pursuant to
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)

In connection with this Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (the "Report") of Harvest Capital Credit Corporation (the "Registrant"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Craig Kitchin, Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant, hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

/s/ Craig Kitchin

Craig Kitchin
Chief Financial Officer
November 12, 2013